

WESTERN RESOURCE ADEQUACY PROGRAM

Review of preliminary, non-binding WRAP regional data for the current participating footprint for the Summer 2027 and advisory data for the Summer 2030 season

December 10, 2025

TODAY'S OBJECTIVES

- >>> Provide an overview of the loads and resources in the WRAP footprint
- >>> Provide an overview of installations and nameplate for wind and solar
- Provide an overview of the Qualifying Capacity Contributions (QCC) and Effective Load Carrying Capability (ELCC) values for each resource class
- >>> Provide an overview of Planning Reserve Margin values (PRM)

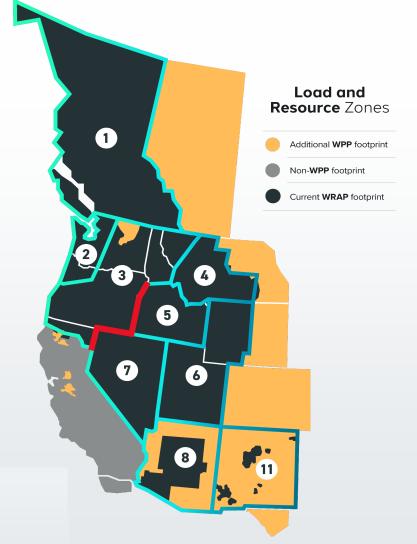


BEFORE WE BEGIN

- » Modeling provided utilizes WRAP program design, assuming full binding implementation of the WRAP as designed
- Modeling was performed based on the WRAP footprint as of 2025
 - Included twenty-two WRAP Participants
 - Changes to WRAP participation may impact these metrics
 - These assessments cannot account for adequacy needs or activities of non-participating load or resources
- » Be aware of the limits of drawing regional conclusions from aggregate information
 - Information is best applied at individual LREs; WRAP's scope does not include matching LREs in need of additional forward procurement with available resources
 - It cannot be assumed that all resources modeled in the loss of load expectation study will be available to the WRAP footprint
 - Planned outages are not considered; they will be managed by LREs from their surplus

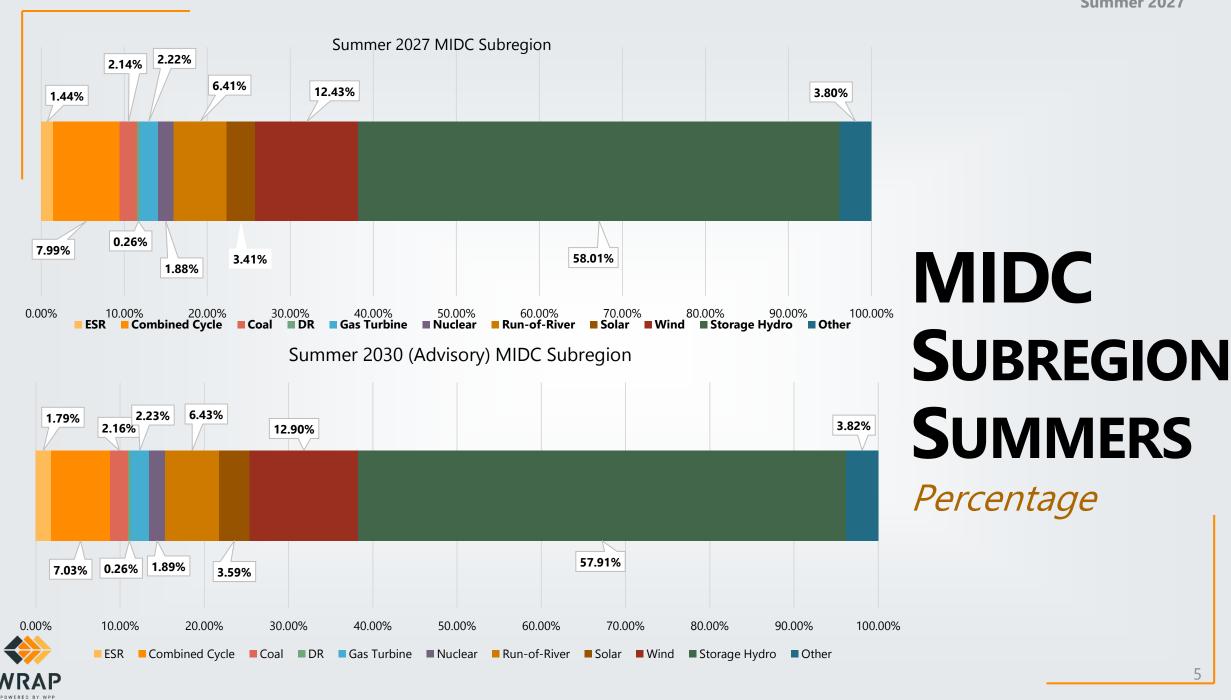


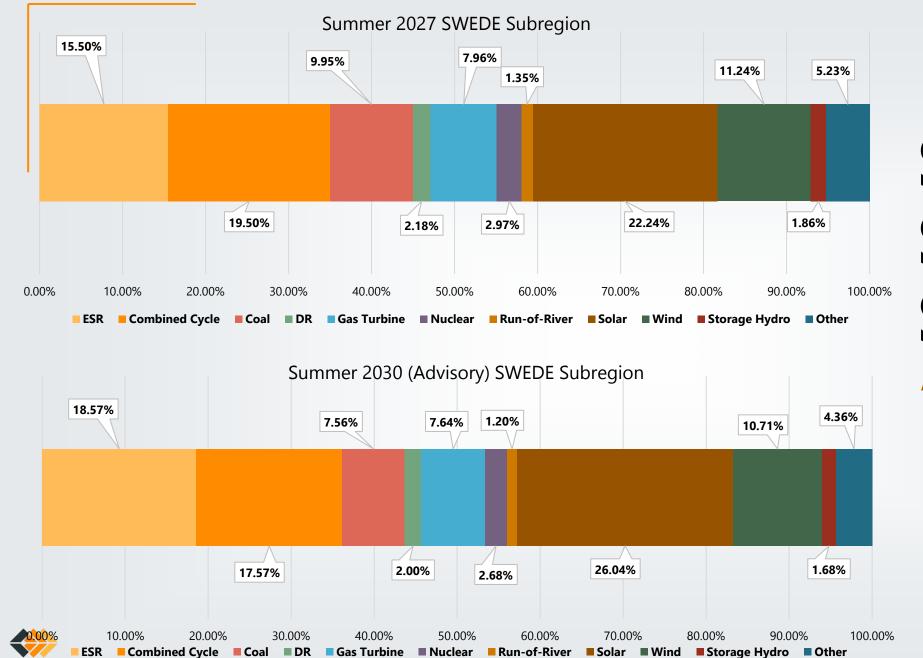
LOAD AND RESOURCE ZONES



Subregion	Zone	Geographical Description
MidC	Zone 1	British Columbia
	Zone 2	West of Cascades
	Zone 3	East of Cascades
	Zone 4	NorthWestern
SWEDE	Zone 5	Idaho Power
	Zone 6	PacifiCorp East
	Zone 7	Nevada
	Zone 8	Arizona
	Zone 11	New Mexico







SWEDE SUBREGION SUMMERS

Percentage

KEY REMINDERS

- » Not all resources shown in the preceding slides can be assumed to be available to the WRAP footprint for resource adequacy purposes
 - Planned outages are not considered; they will be managed by LREs from their surplus
 - Does not account for activities and needs of neighboring, non-participating regions or entities
 - Based on information and projections provided by participants
- » Aggregate information does not give insight into whether individual participants have enough supply
 - WRAP motivates participants to acquire the necessary capacity
 - Cannot assume this has yet happened or will happen without binding implementation of WRAP



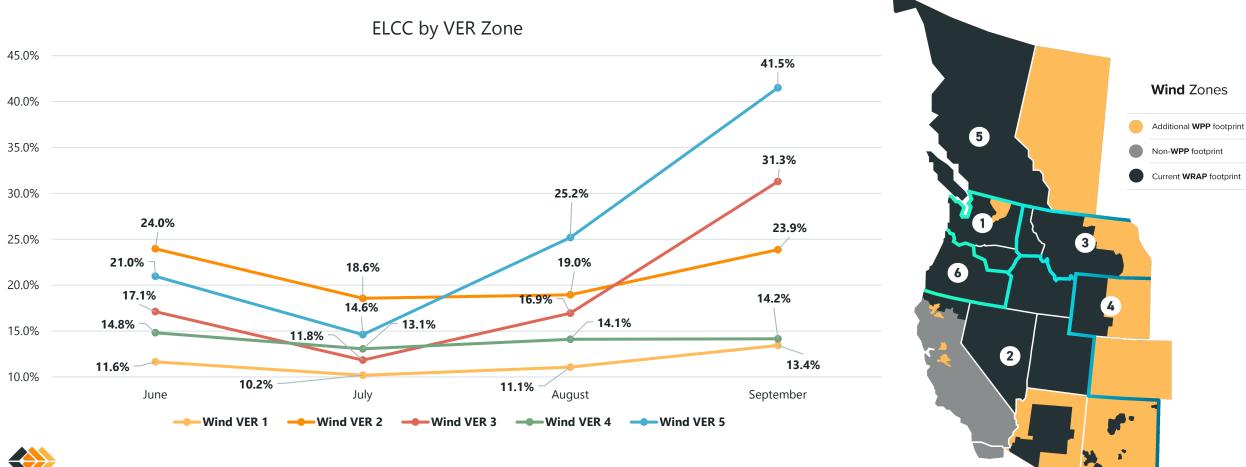
Wind Zones Additional **WPP** footprint 5 Non-WPP footprint Current WRAP footprint

WIND ZONES

Zone	Nameplate Capacity (MW)	
Wind VER1	5,186	
Wind VER2	3,450	
Wind VER3	1,544	
Wind VER4	5,000	
Wind VER5	747	
Wind VER6	No wind	
Total	15,927	

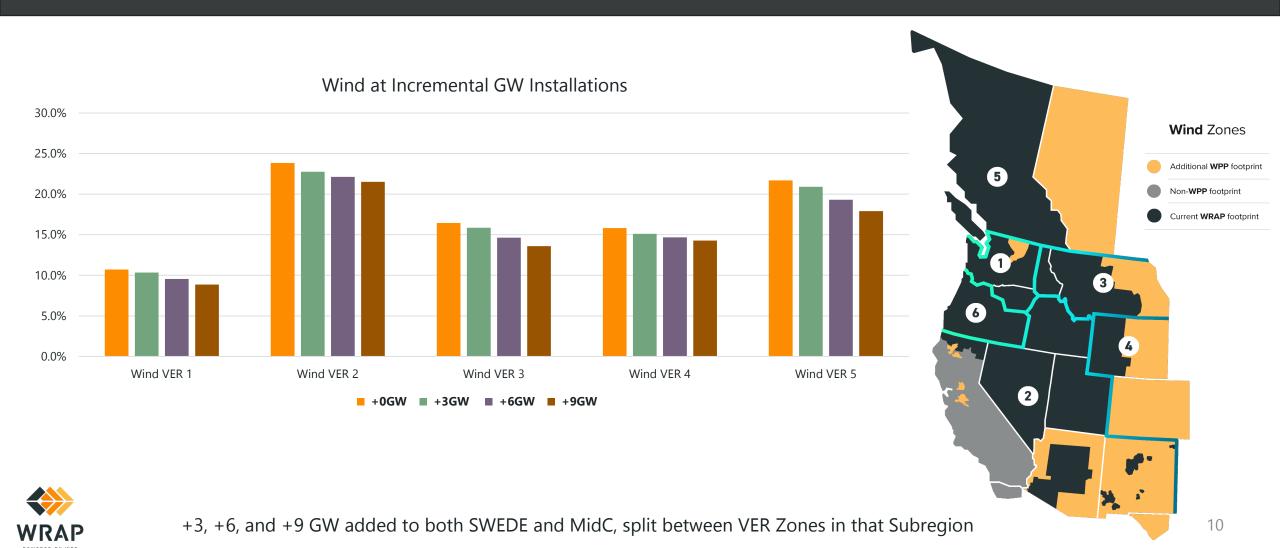


WIND ELCC - SUMMER





WIND ELCC WIND AT INCREMENTAL GW INSTALLATIONS



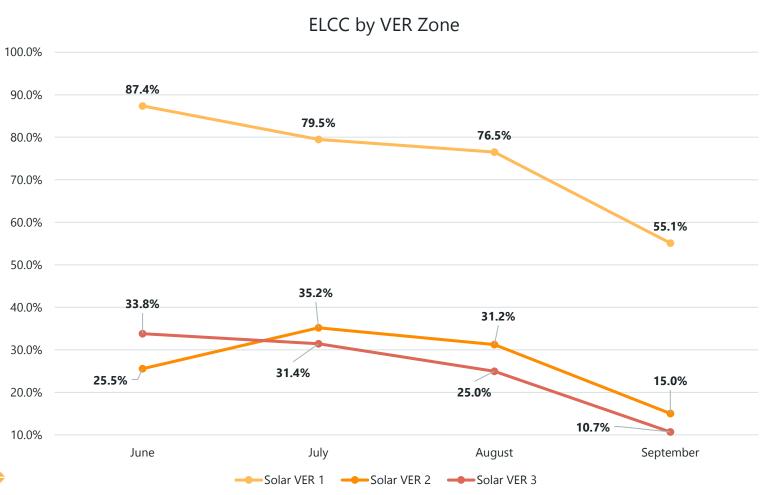
Solar Zones Additional **WPP** footprint Non-**WPP** footprint Current WRAP footprint 2

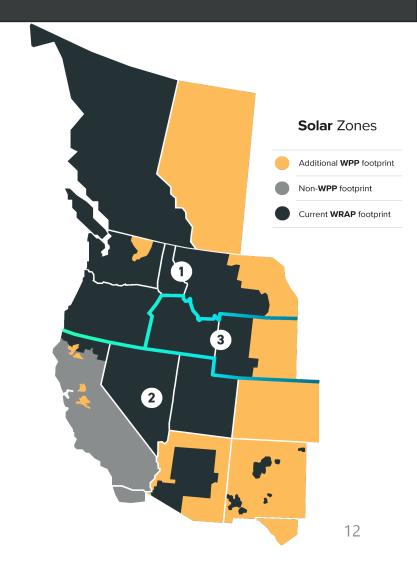
SOLAR ZONES

Zone	Nameplate Capacity (MW)	
Solar VER1	2,054	
Solar VER2	14,974	
Solar VER3	1,469	
Total	18,497	

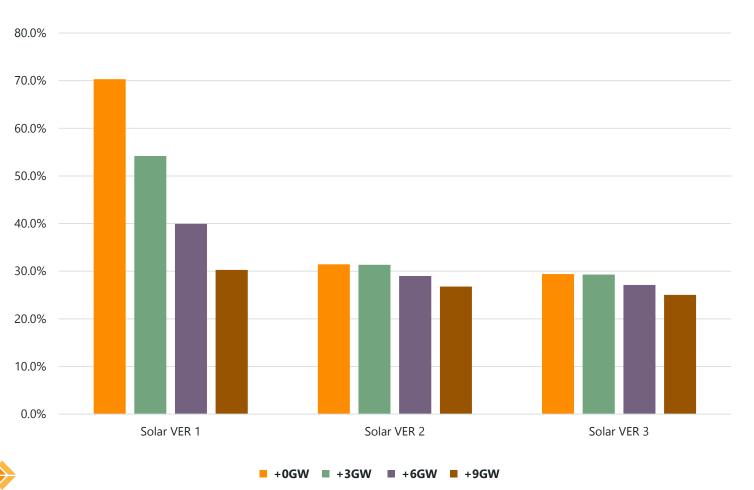


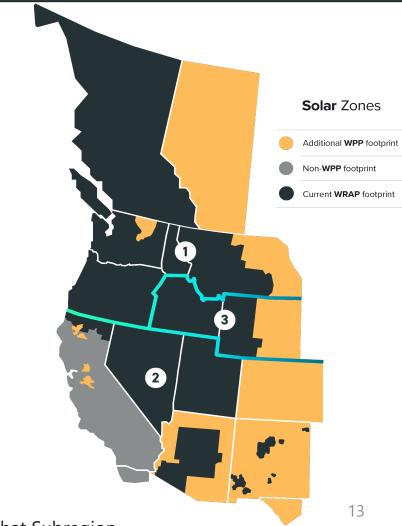
SOLAR ELCC - SUMMER





SOLAR AT INCREMENTAL GW INSTALLATIONS





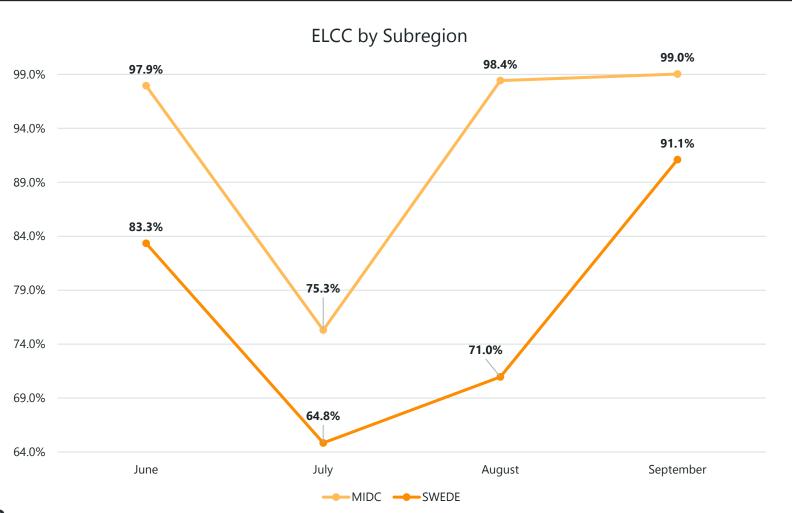


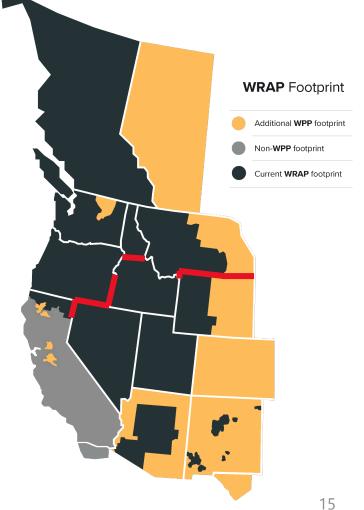
WRAP Footprint Additional **WPP** footprint Non-WPP footprint Current WRAP footprint

ENERGY STORAGE RESOURCE (ESR) ZONES

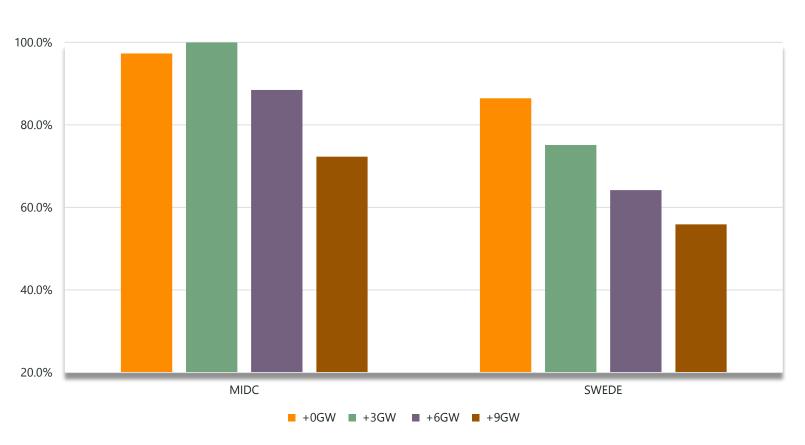
Subregion	Nameplate Capacity (MW)	
MIDC	858	
SWEDE	11,484	
Total	12,342	

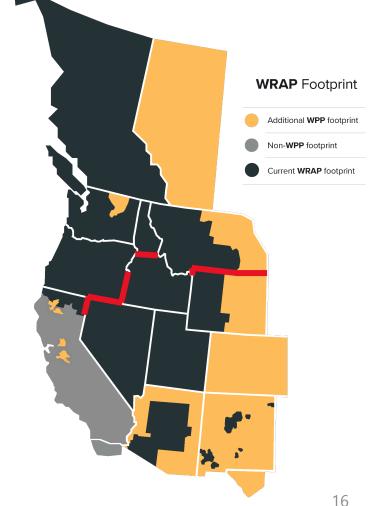
ESR ELCC - SUMMER





ESR ELCC ESR AT INCREMENTAL GW INSTALLATIONS





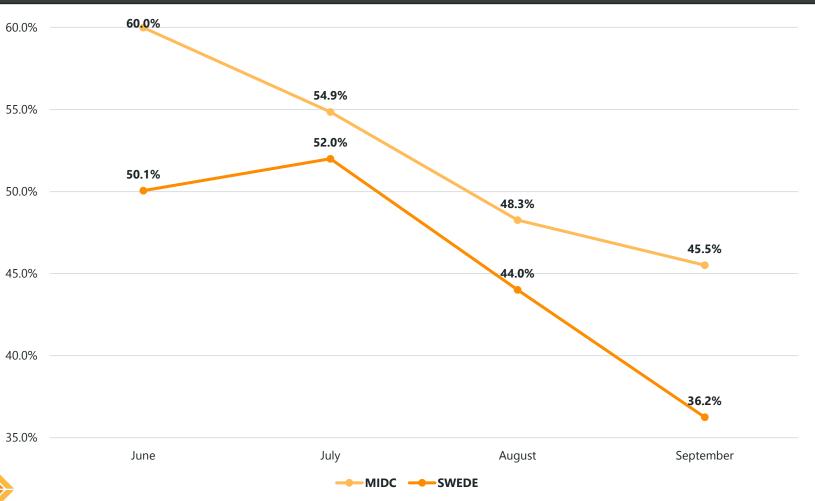


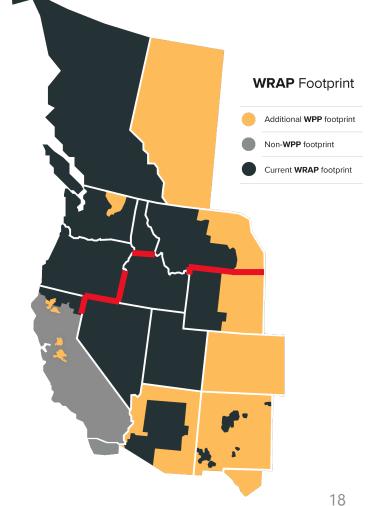
WRAP Footprint Additional WPP footprint Non-WPP footprint Current WRAP footprint

RUN OF RIVER (ROR) ZONES

Subregion	Nameplate Capacity (MW)	
MidC	3,835	
SWEDE	1,039	
Total	4,874	

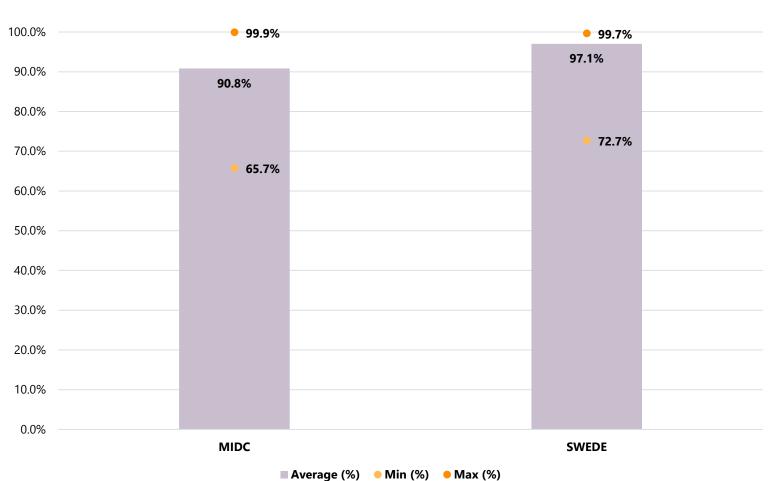
Ror QCC - Summer







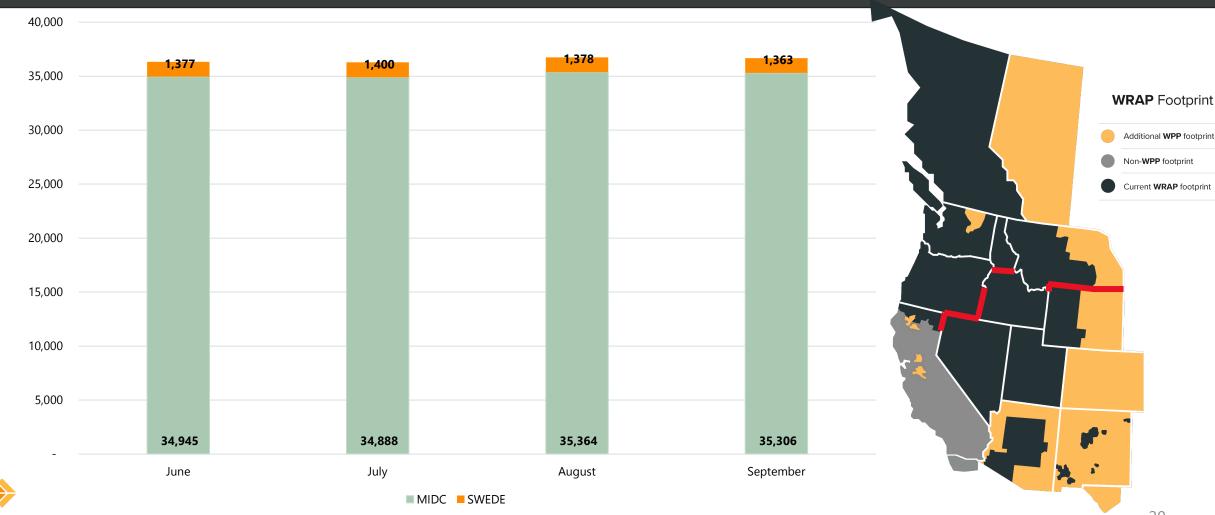
THERMAL QCC



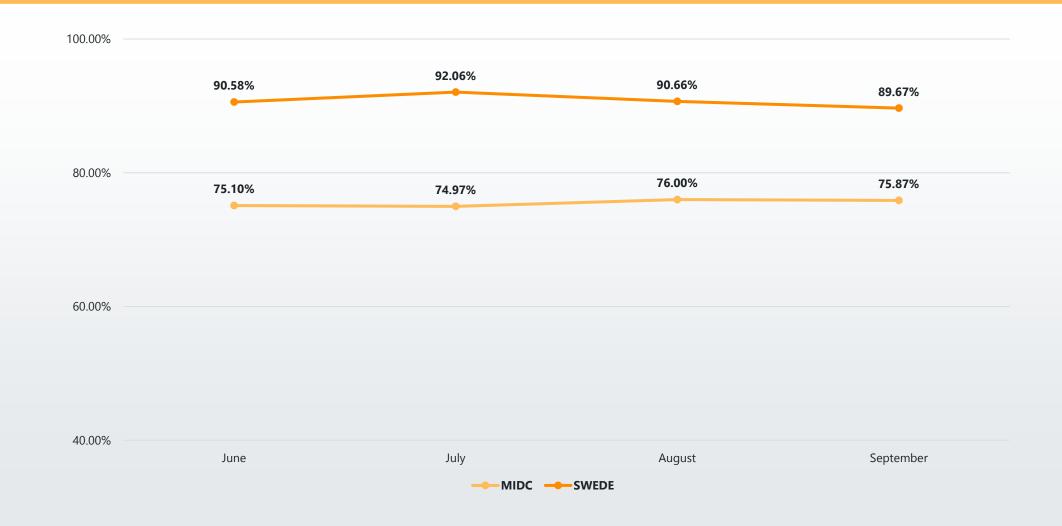




STORAGE HYDRO QCC MW

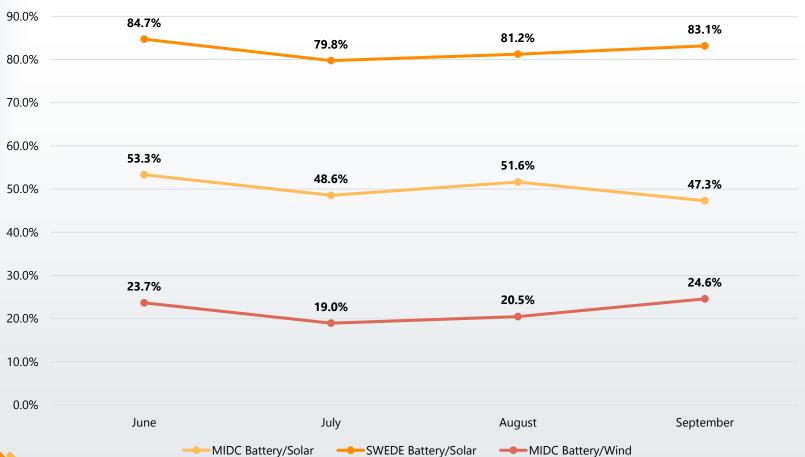


AVERAGE STORAGE HYDRO QCC





HYBRID RESOURCE QCC



Number of installed pairings

	MIDC	SWEDE
Battery/ Solar	4	62
Battery/ Wind	1	0



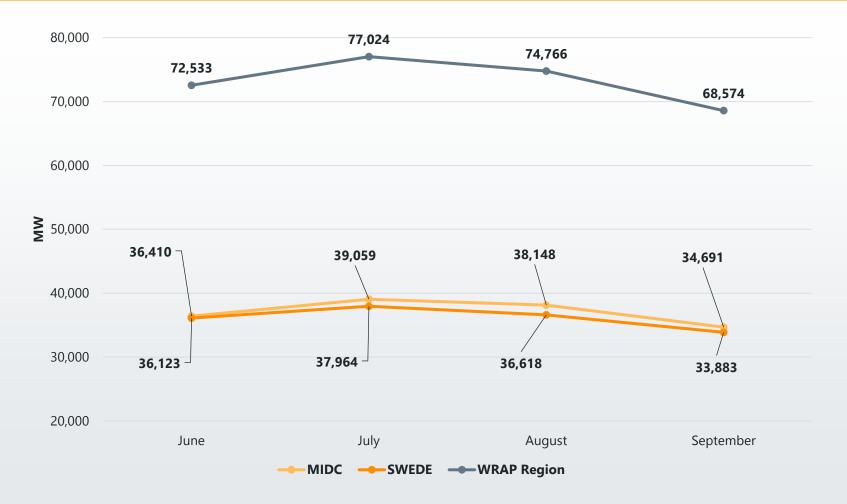
PRM CONSIDERATIONS

PRM Methodology

- » Maintain 0.1 LOLE across the season
- » Minimum of 0.01 LOLE in each individual month
- » NCP load for a given month a significant factor in calculation of PRM (lower load months will have higher PRM value)
- » PRM calculation includes 500 MW of diversity sharing between Subregions benefitting SW in Summer (NW in Winter)

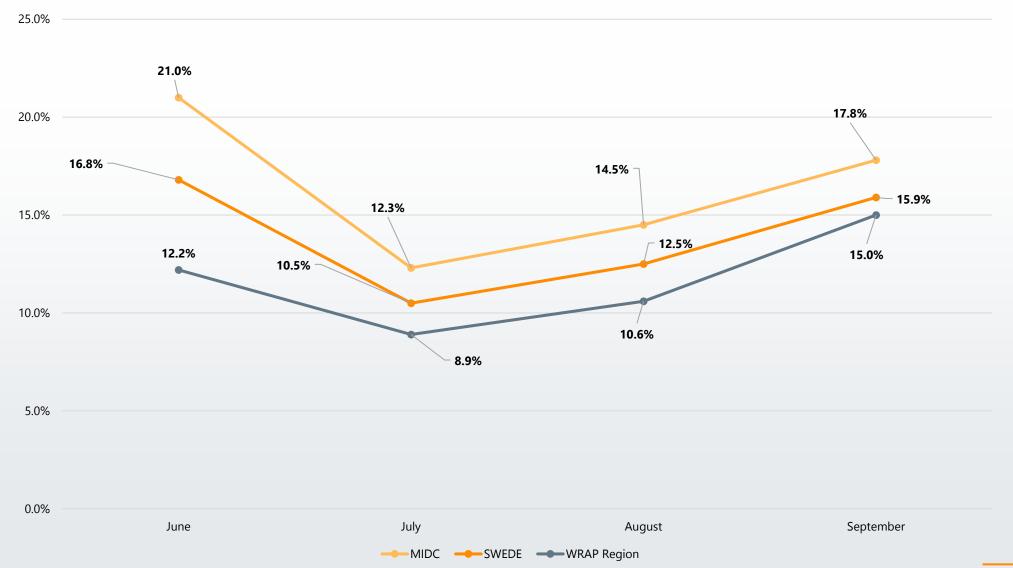


PEAK LOAD





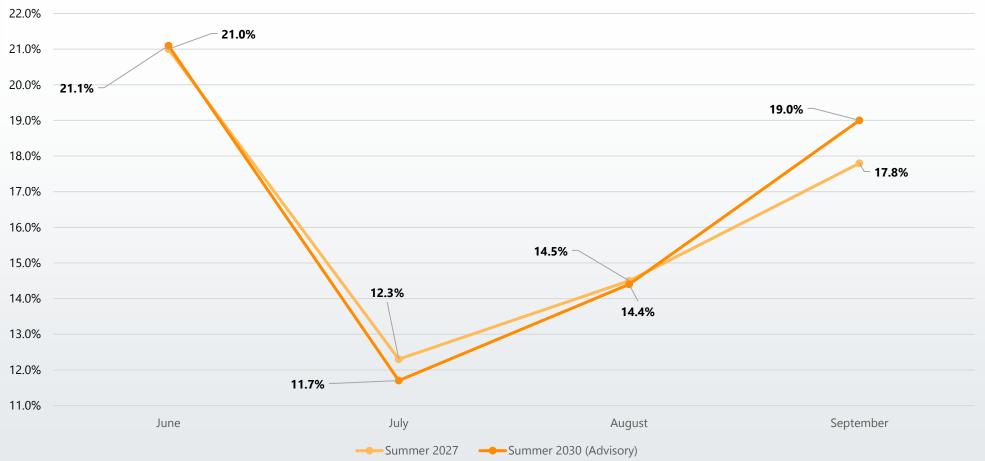
PRM – SUMMER 2027





PRM – MIDC SUMMER

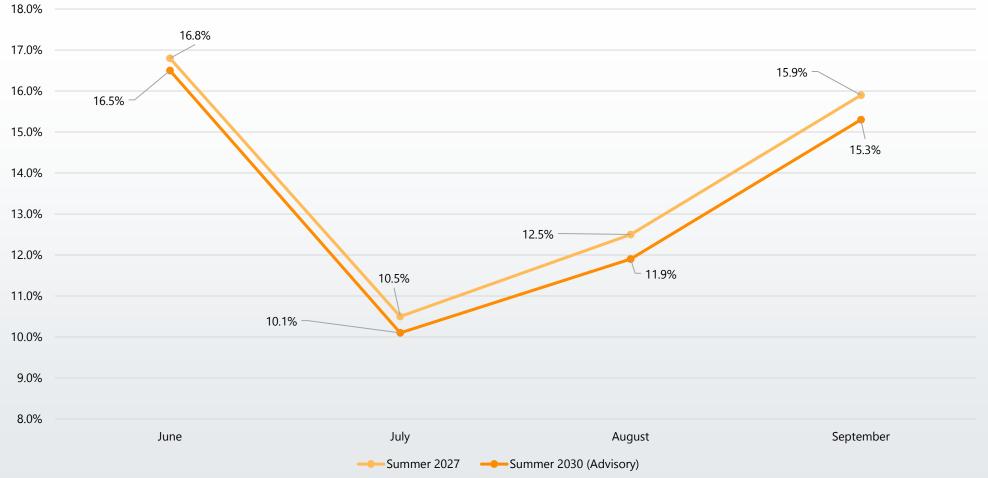
2027 AND 2030





PRM – SWEDE SUMMER

2027 AND 2030





THANK YOU

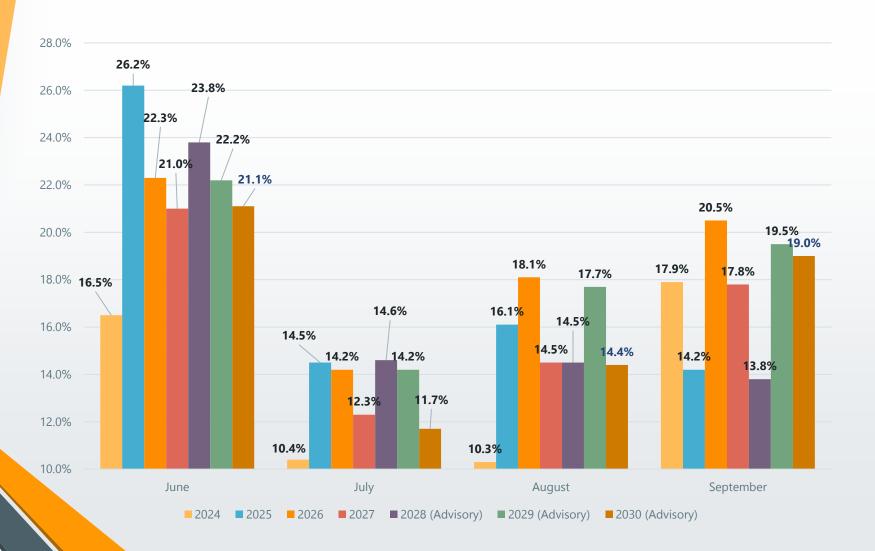
For general inquiries: wrap@westernpowerpool.org



PRM FROM ADDITIONAL SUMMER SEASONS



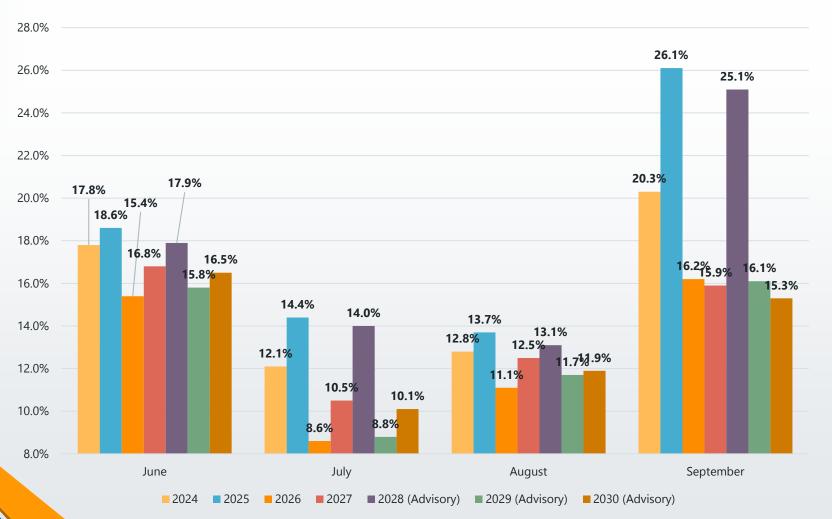
PRMs - MIDC SUBREGION



2024 study was done in 2022 with a slightly different footprint and different methodology



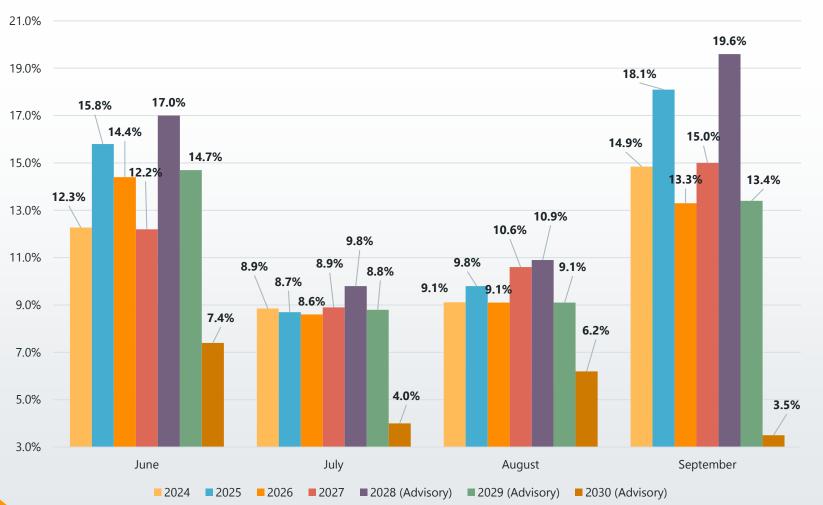
PRMs – SWEDE SUBREGION



- » 2024 study was done in 2022 with a slightly different footprint and different methodology
- » 2026, 2027, 2029 advisory and 2030 advisory included 500MW of assumed diversity sharing



PRMs – WRAP REGION



2024 study was done in 2022 with a slightly different footprint and different methodology

