



WESTERN RESOURCE ADEQUACY PROGRAM

Review of preliminary, binding WRAP regional data for the current participating footprint for the Winter 2027-2028 and advisory data for the Winter 2030-2031 season

June 4, 2026

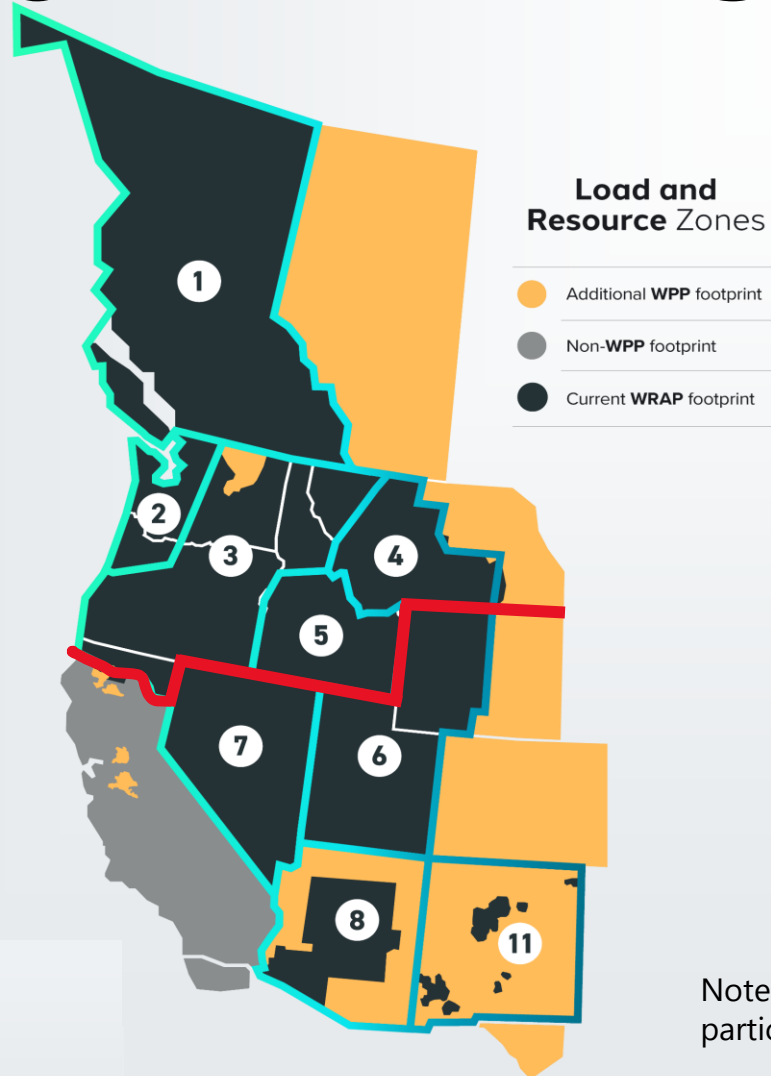
TODAY'S OBJECTIVES

- » Provide an overview of the loads and resources in the WRAP footprint
- » Provide an overview of installations and nameplate for wind and solar
- » Provide an overview of the Qualifying Capacity Contributions (QCC) and Effective Load Carrying Capability (ELCC) values for each resource class
- » Provide an overview of Planning Reserve Margin values (PRM)

BEFORE WE BEGIN

- » Modeling provided utilizes WRAP program design, assuming full binding implementation of the WRAP as designed
- » Modeling was performed based on the WRAP footprint as of October 31, 2025
 - Included WRAP Binding Participants committed to participating in the Winter 2027-2028 Season
 - Load Resource Zones (LRZs) 1-5 and 8 remained in the study while 6, 7, and 11 were removed from the study (refer to slide 4)
 - LRZ 5 was moved from the SWEDE to the MIDC (refer to slide 4)
 - Boundary of wind VER Zone 6 extended to include Idaho and wind VER Zone 4 was not included (refer to slide 8) and the Idaho portion of solar VER Zone 3 was moved into solar VER Zone 1 and solar VER Zone 3 was not included (refer to slide 11)
 - Changes to WRAP participation may impact these metrics
 - These assessments cannot account for adequacy needs or activities of non-participating load or resources
- » Be aware of the limits of drawing regional conclusions from aggregate information
 - Information is best applied at individual LREs; WRAP's scope does not include matching LREs in need of additional forward procurement with available resources
 - It cannot be assumed that all resources modeled in the loss of load expectation study will be available to the WRAP footprint
 - Planned outages are not considered; they will be managed by LREs from their surplus

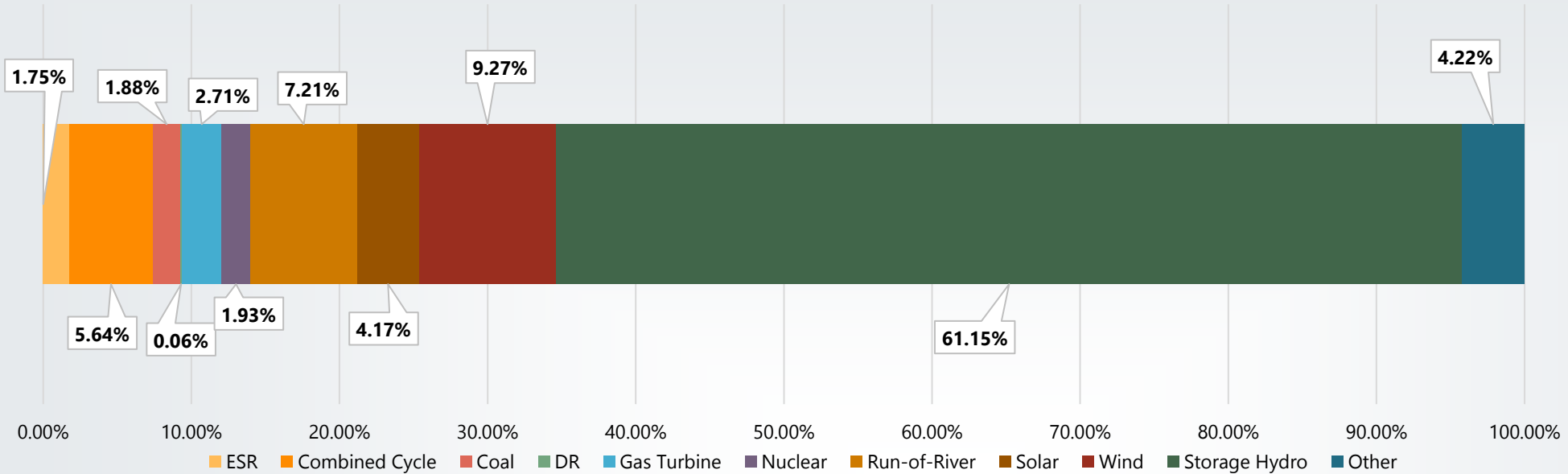
LOAD AND RESOURCE ZONES



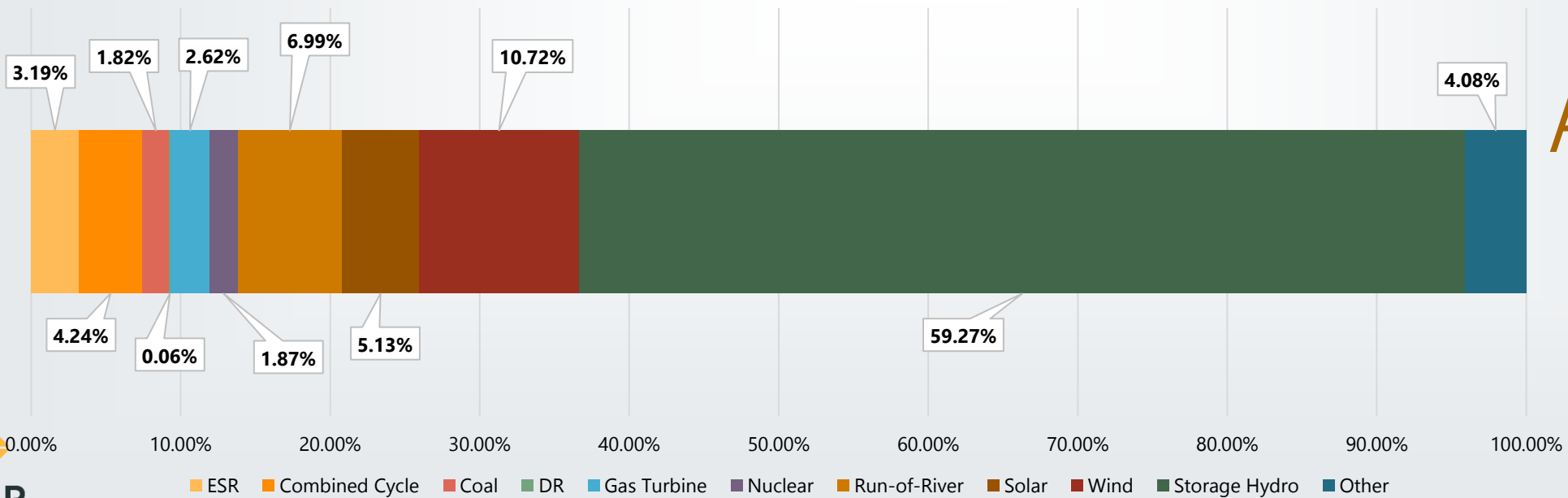
Subregion	Zone	Geographical Description
MidC	Zone 1	British Columbia
	Zone 2	West of Cascades
	Zone 3	East of Cascades
	Zone 4	NorthWestern
	Zone 5	Idaho Power
SWEDE	Zone 8	Arizona

Note: Load Resource Zones (LRZs) 6, 7, and 11 were removed from the study to reflect committed participation for Winter 2027-2028

Winter 2027-2028 MIDC Subregion Resource Summary



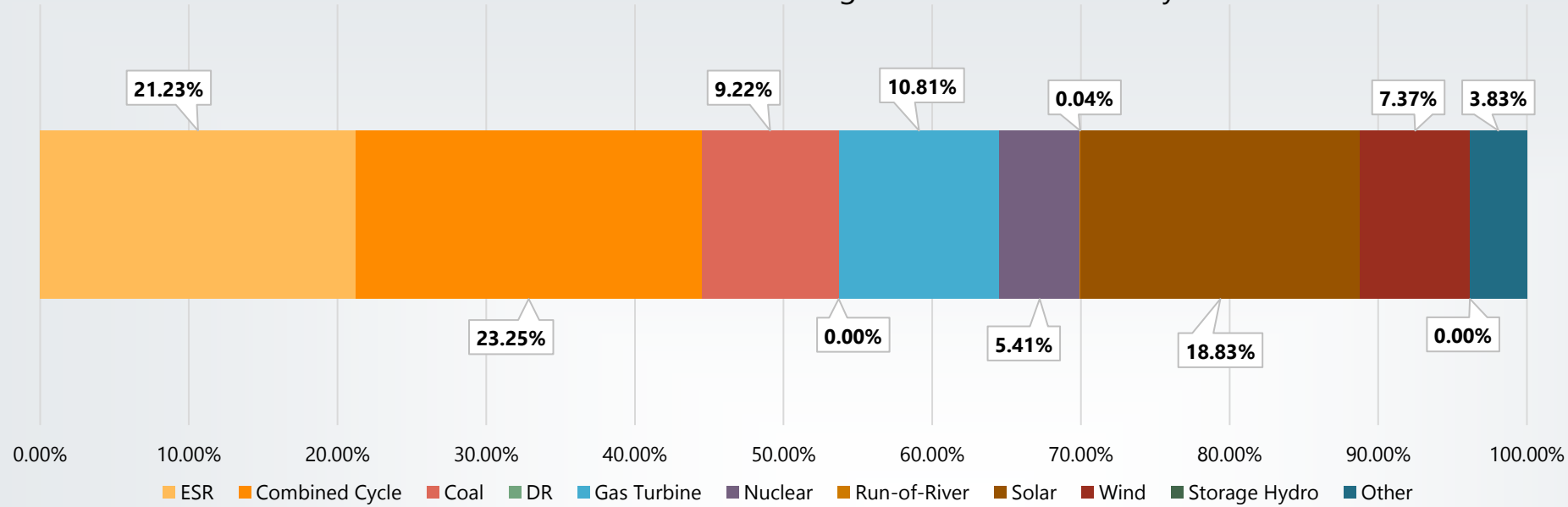
Winter 2030-2031 (Advisory) MIDC Subregion Resource Summary



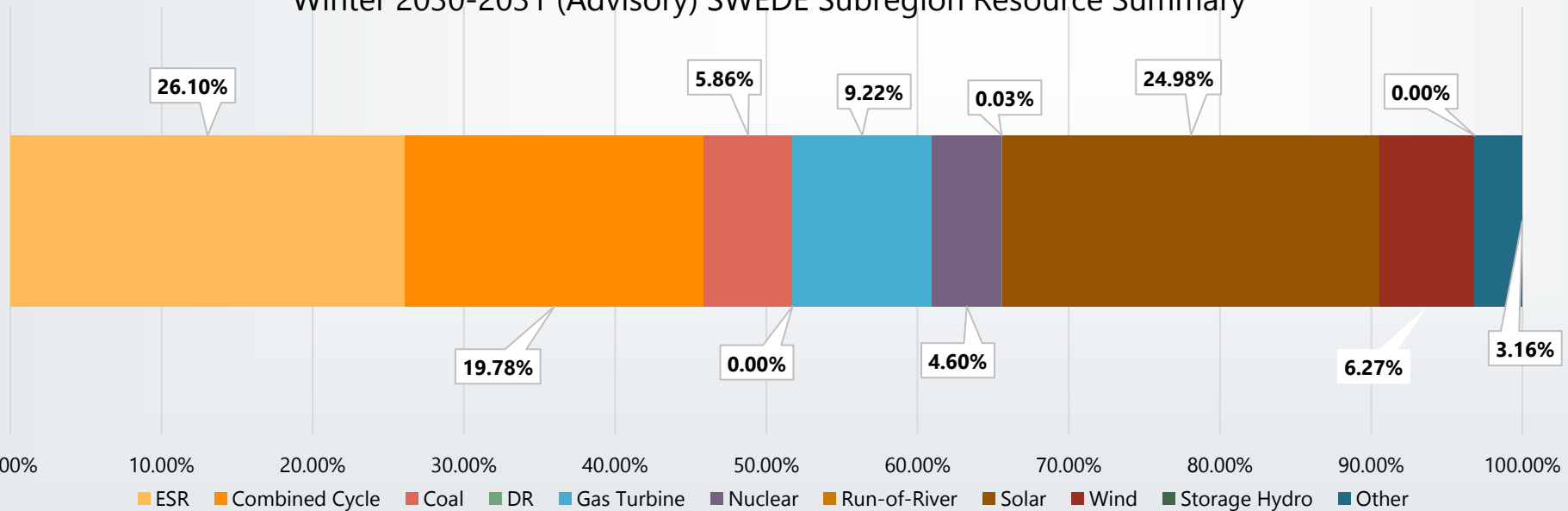
MIDC SUBREGION WINTERS RESOURCE SUMMARY

Percentage

Winter 2027-2028 SWEDE Subregion Resource Summary



Winter 2030-2031 (Advisory) SWEDE Subregion Resource Summary

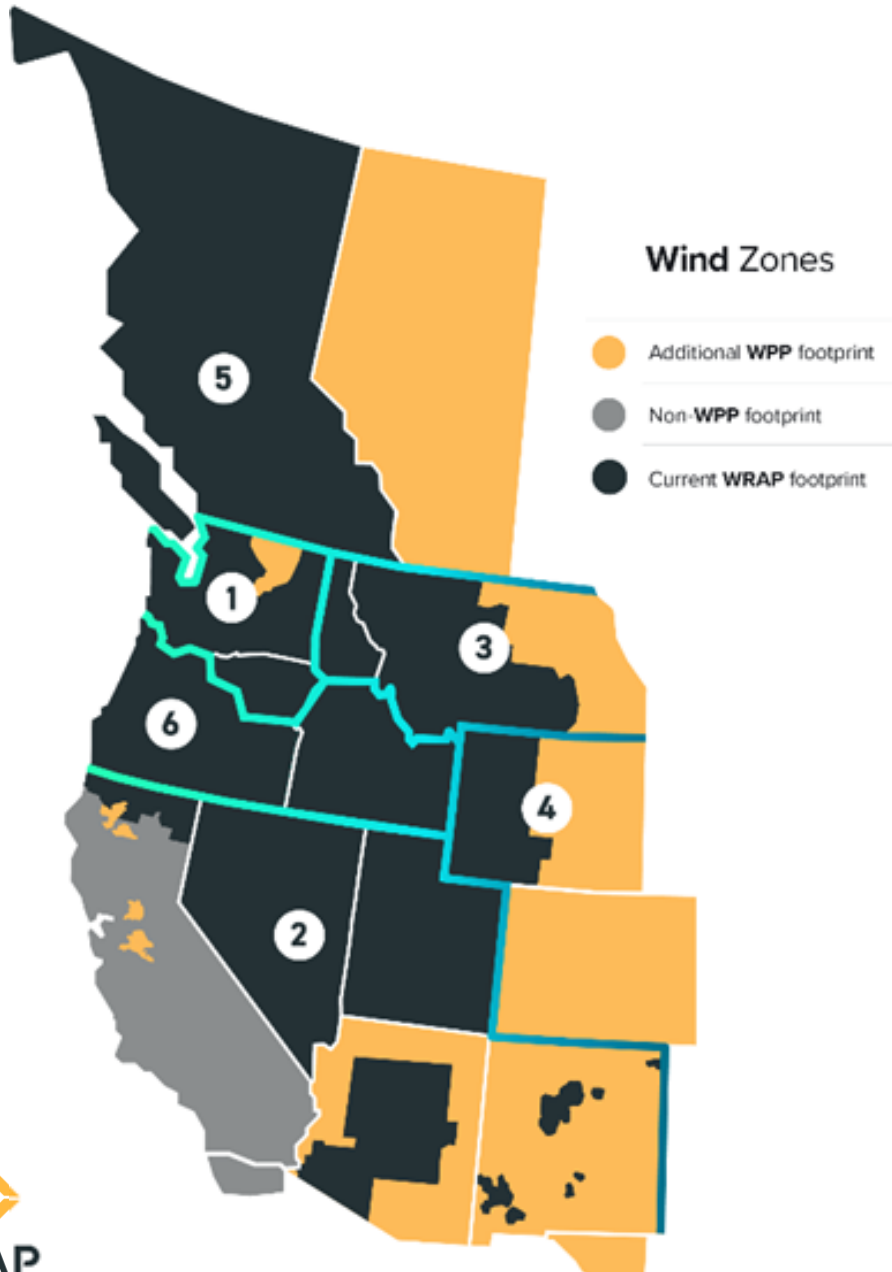


SWEDE SUBREGION WINTERS RESOURCE SUMMARY *Percentage*

KEY REMINDERS

- » Not all resources shown in the preceding slides can be assumed to be available to the WRAP footprint for resource adequacy purposes
 - Planned outages are not considered; they will be managed by LREs from their surplus
 - Does not account for activities and needs of neighboring, non-participating regions or entities
 - Based on information and projections provided by participants
- » Aggregate information does not give insight into whether individual participants have enough supply
 - WRAP motivates participants to acquire the necessary capacity
 - Cannot assume this has yet happened or will happen without binding implementation of WRAP

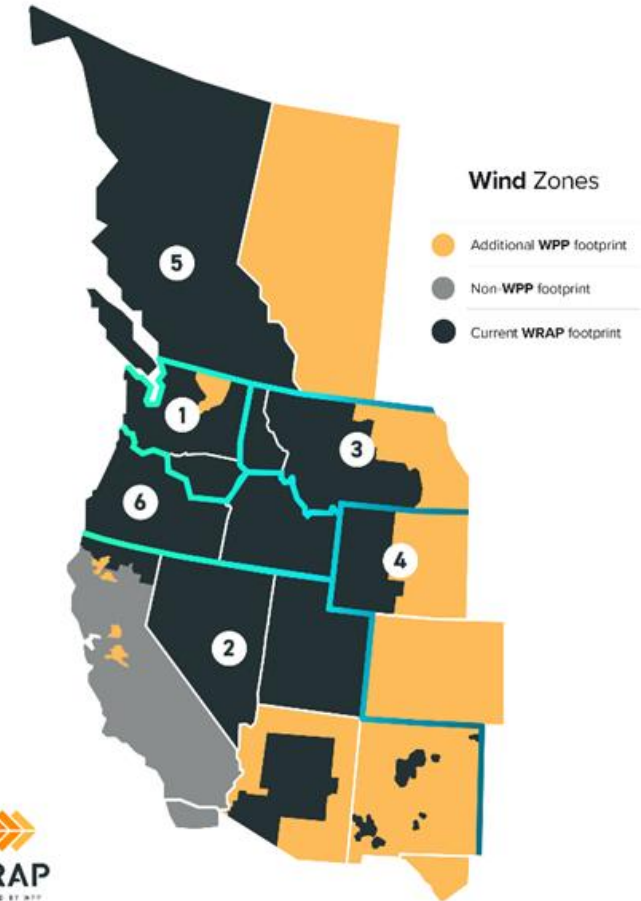
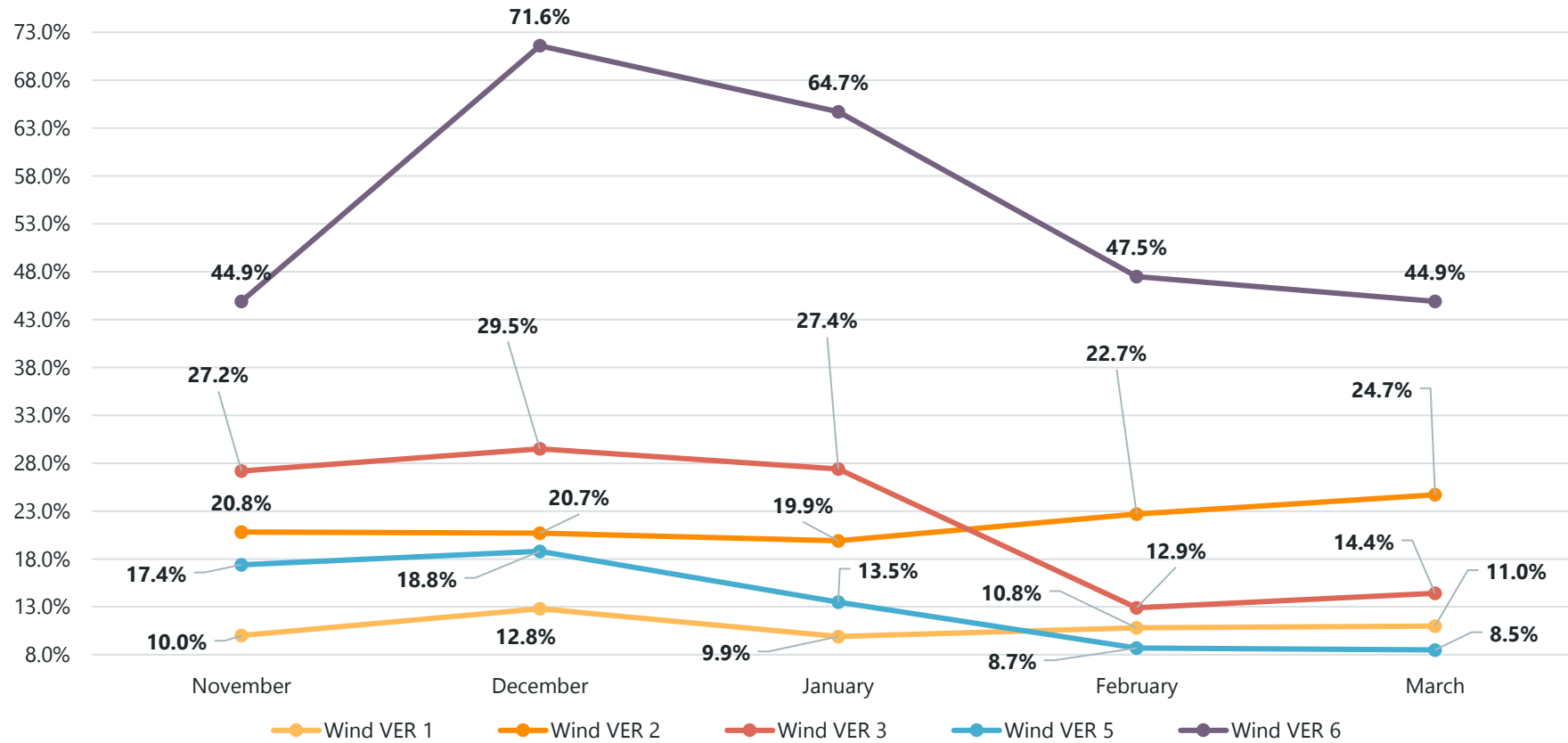
WIND ZONES



Zone	Nameplate Capacity (MW)
Wind VER 1	3,299
Wind VER 2	2,683
Wind VER 3	1,018
Wind VER 4	No Wind Modeled
Wind VER 5	747
Wind VER 6	561
Total	8,308

WIND ELCC - WINTER

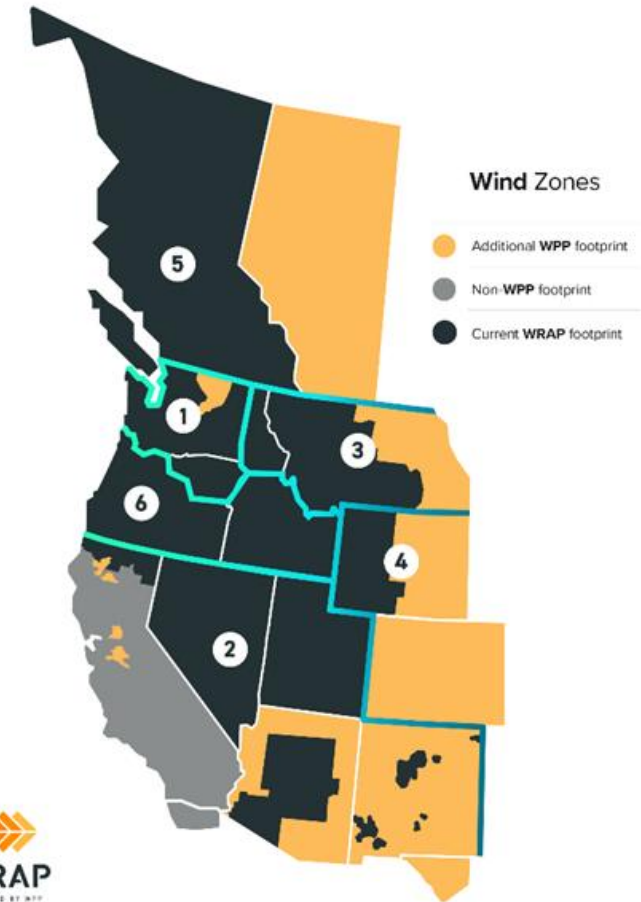
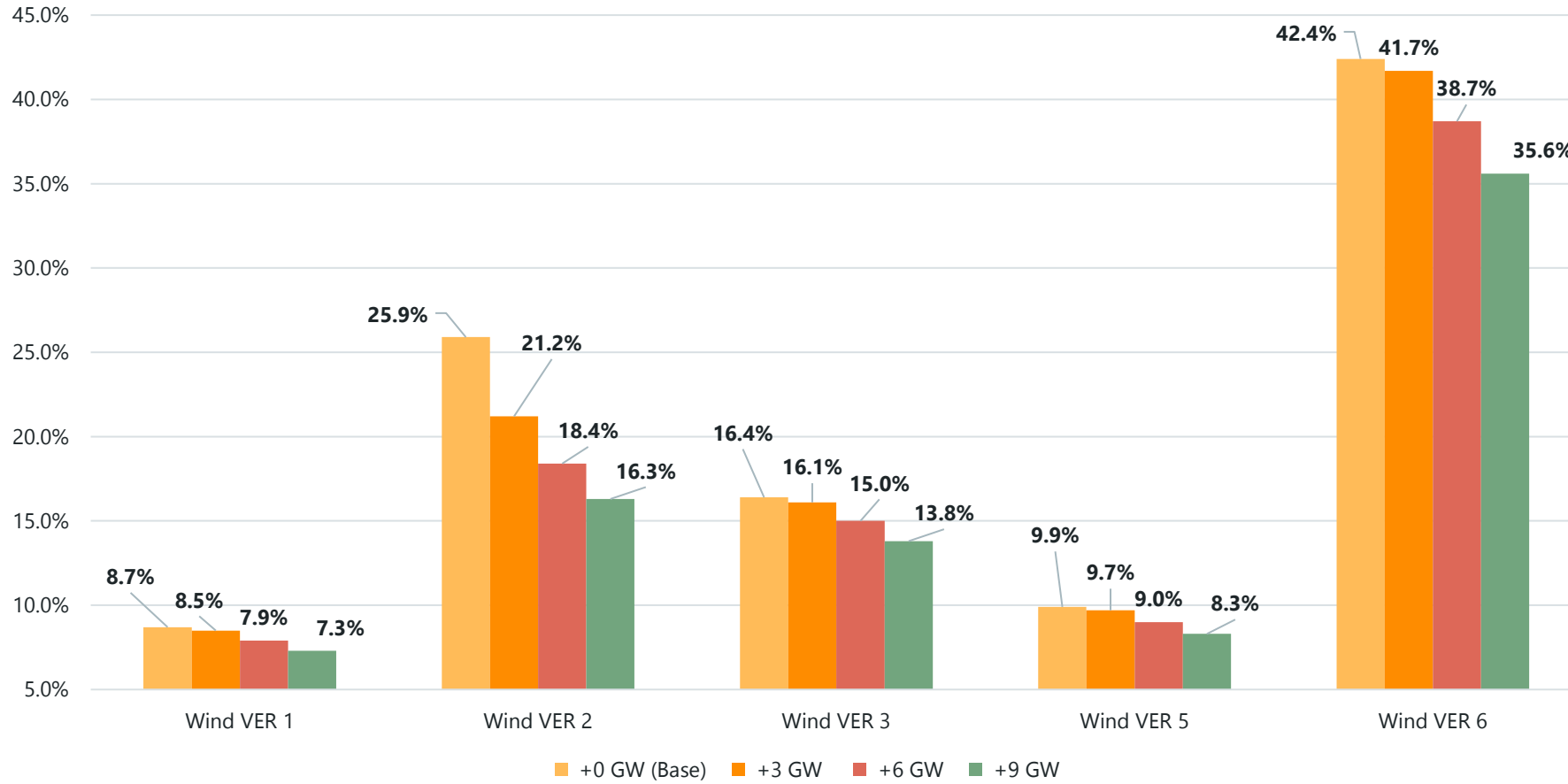
ELCC by Wind VER Zone (QCC %)



Note: Wind VER Zone 4 was not included in W27-28 modeling

WIND ELCC

WIND (QCC%) AT INCREMENTAL GW INSTALLATIONS



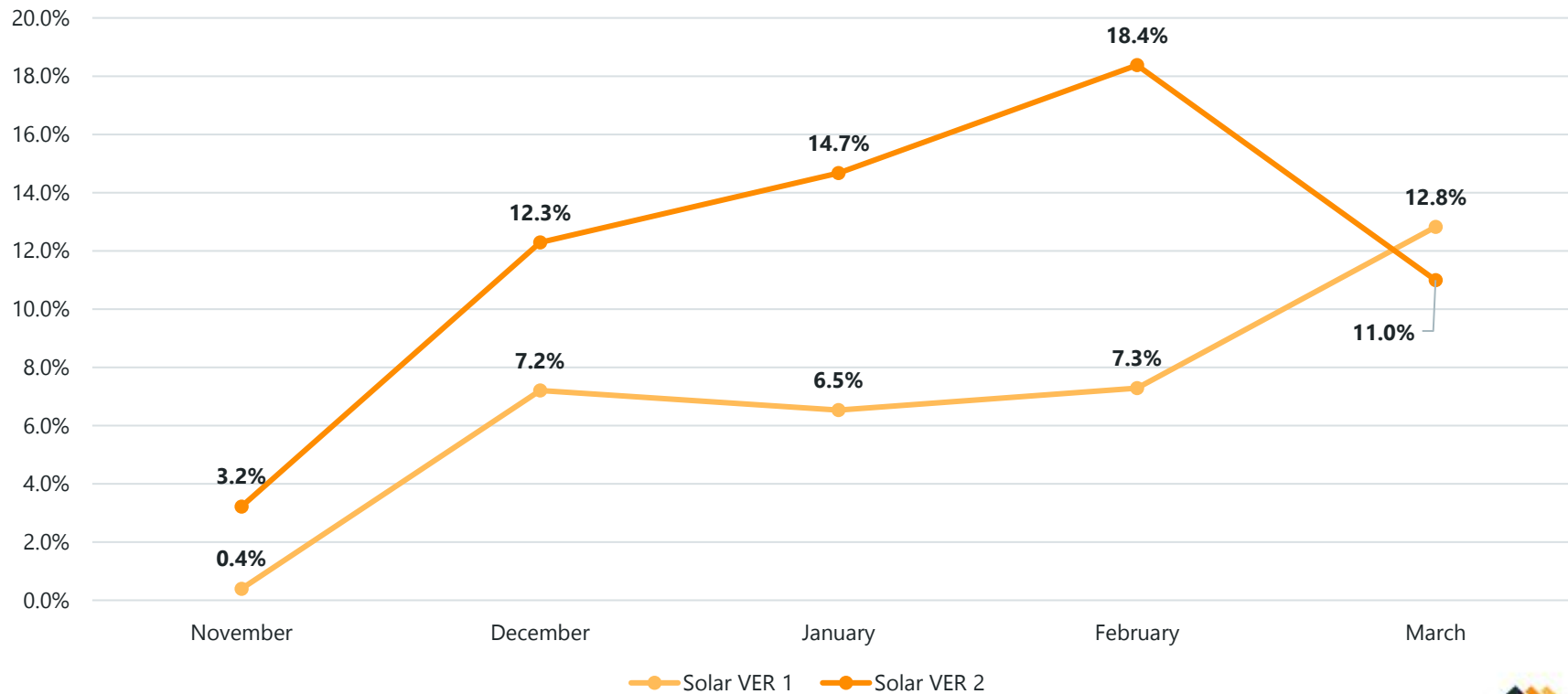


SOLAR ZONES

Zone	Nameplate Capacity (MW)
Solar VER 1	2,527
Solar VER 2	6,584
Solar VER 3	No Solar Modeled
Total	9,111

SOLAR ELCC - WINTER

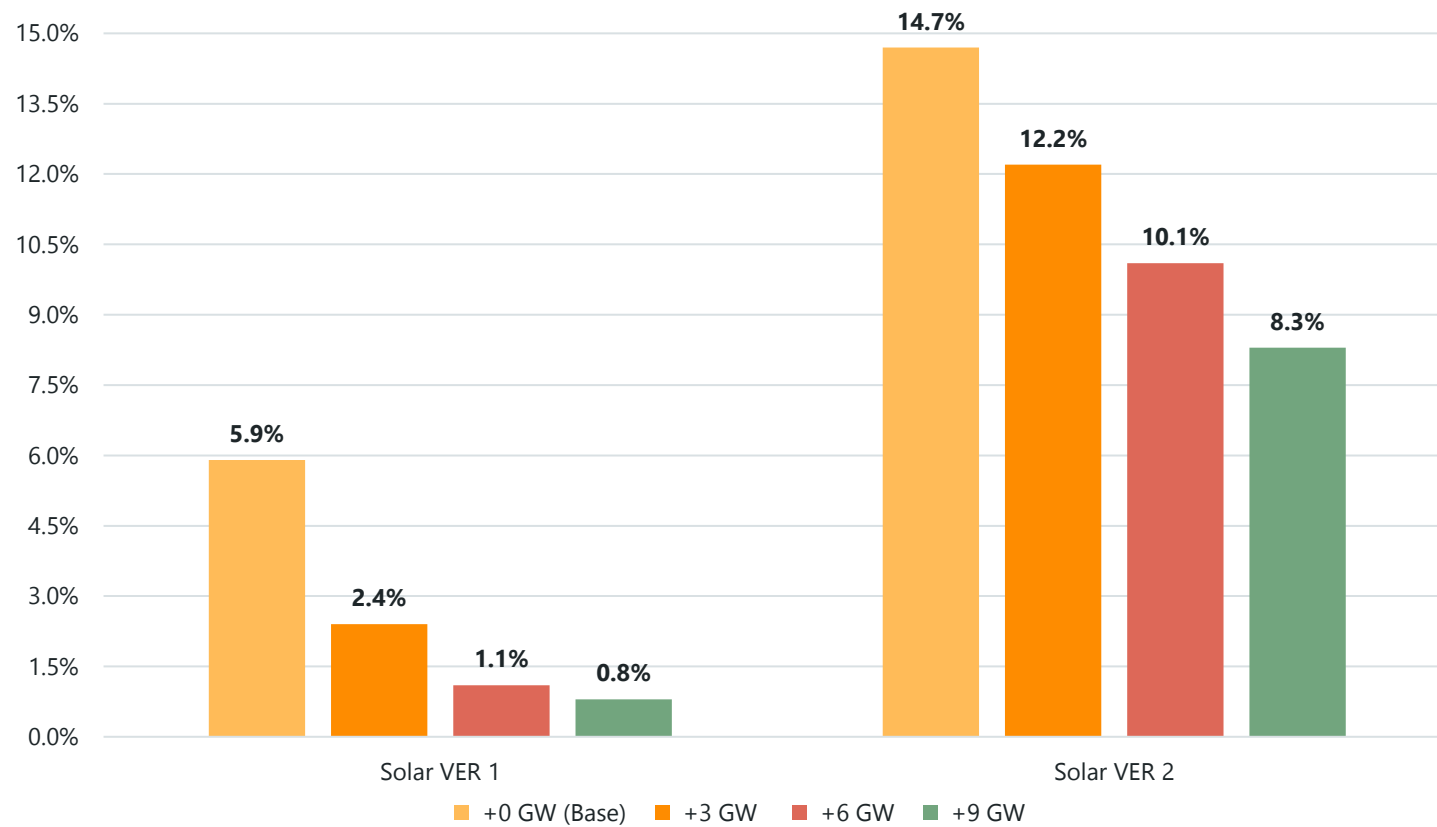
ELCC by Solar VER Zone (QCC %)



Note: Solar VER Zone 3 was not included in W27-28 modeling

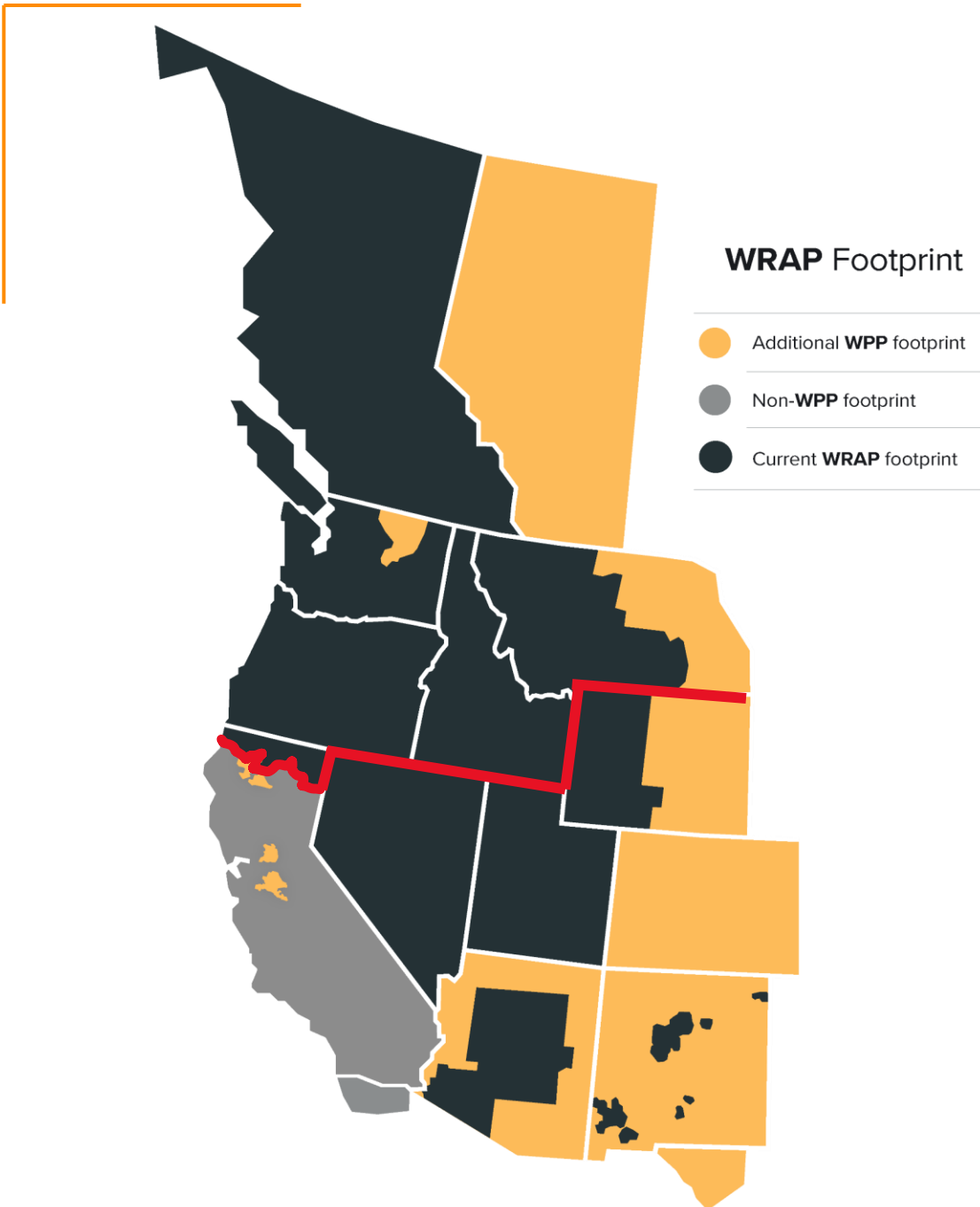
SOLAR ELCC

SOLAR AT INCREMENTAL GW INSTALLATIONS



+3, +6, and +9 GW added to both SWEDE and MidC, split between VER Zones in that Subregion;
 Note: Solar VER Zone 3 was not included in W27-28 modeling

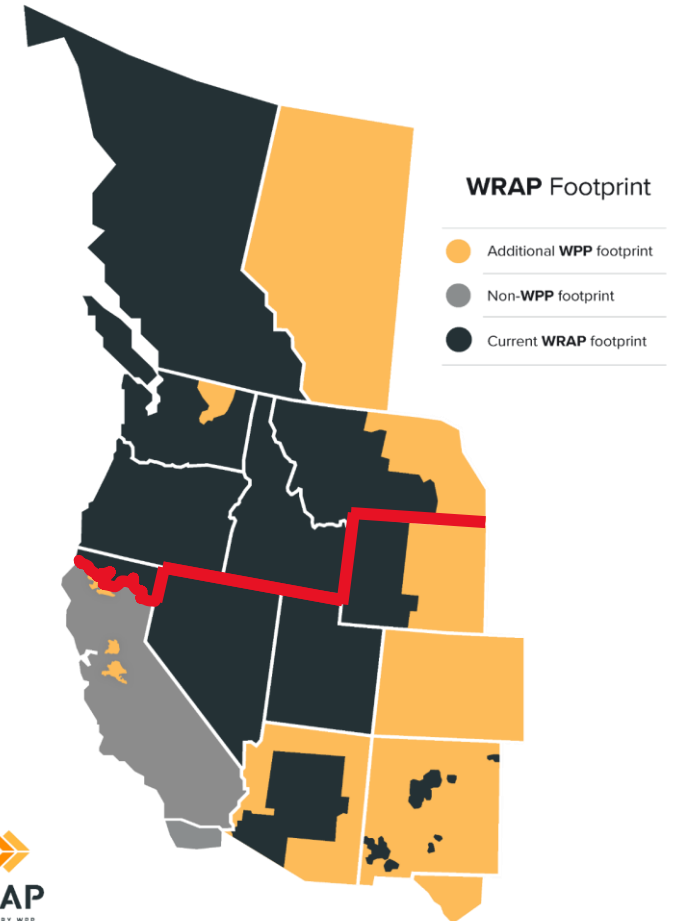
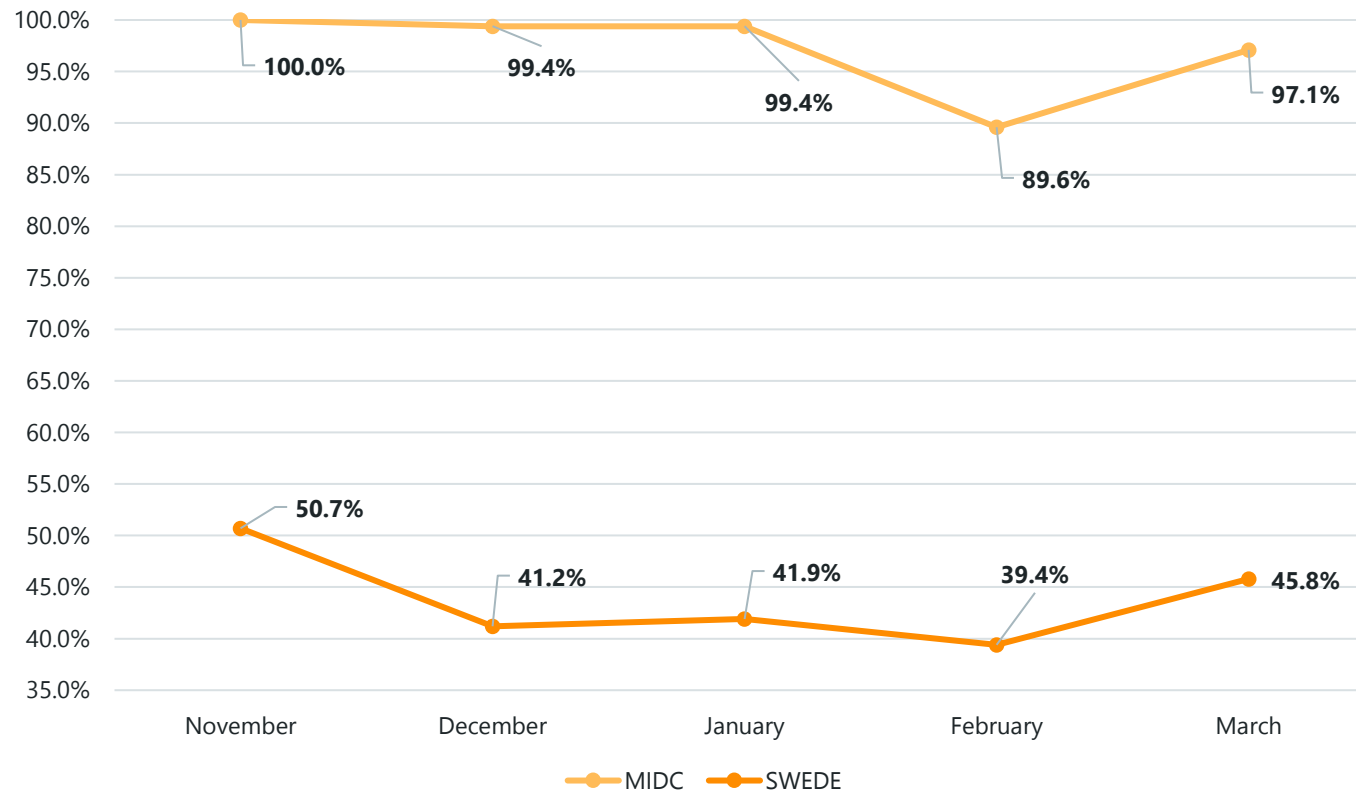
ENERGY STORAGE RESOURCE (ESR) ZONES



Subregion	Nameplate Capacity (MW)
MIDC	1,062
SWEDE	7,664
Total	8,726

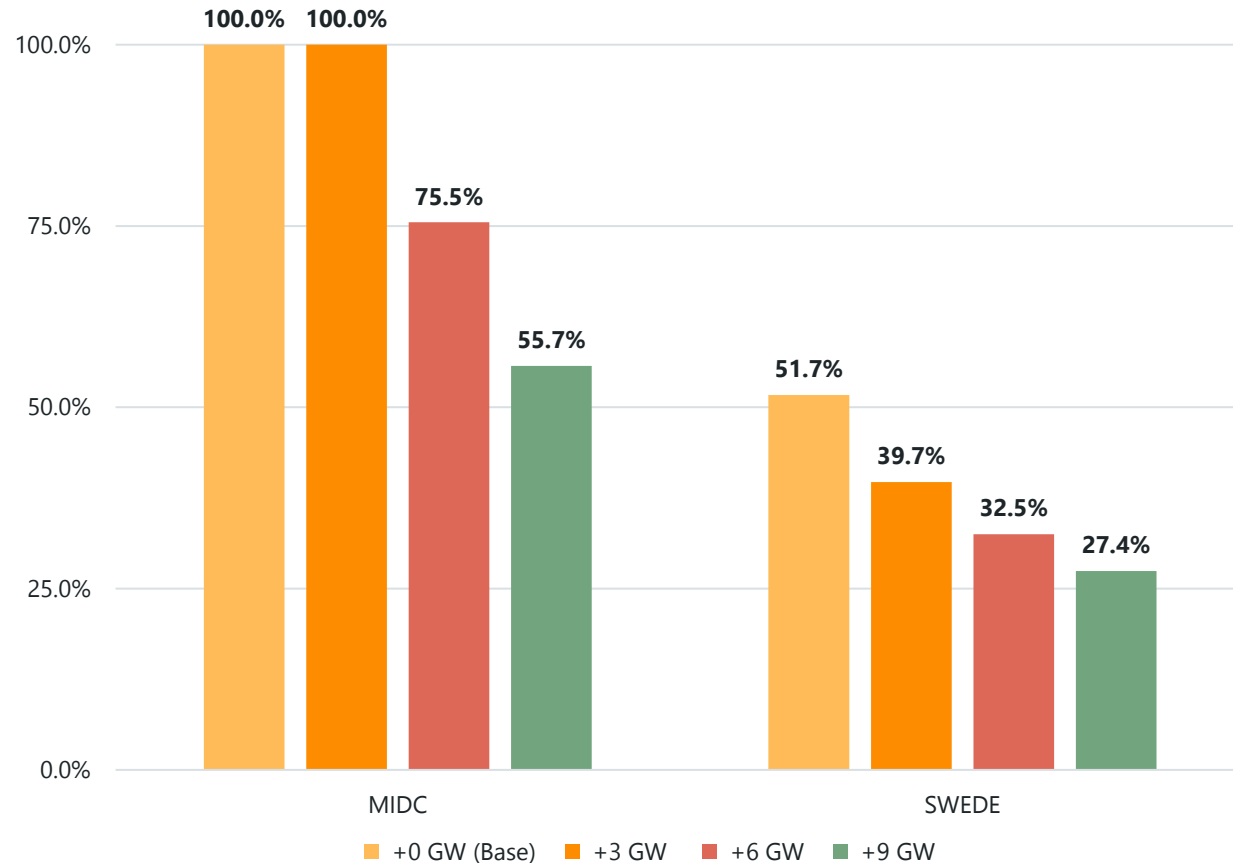
ESR ELCC - WINTER

ELCC by Subregion (QCC %)

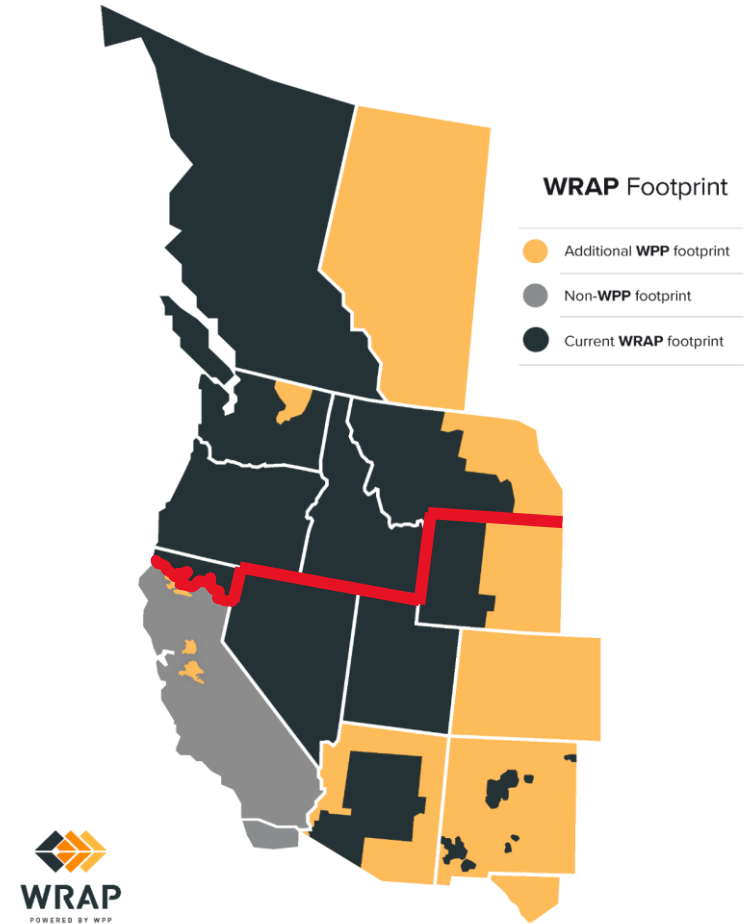


ESR ELCC

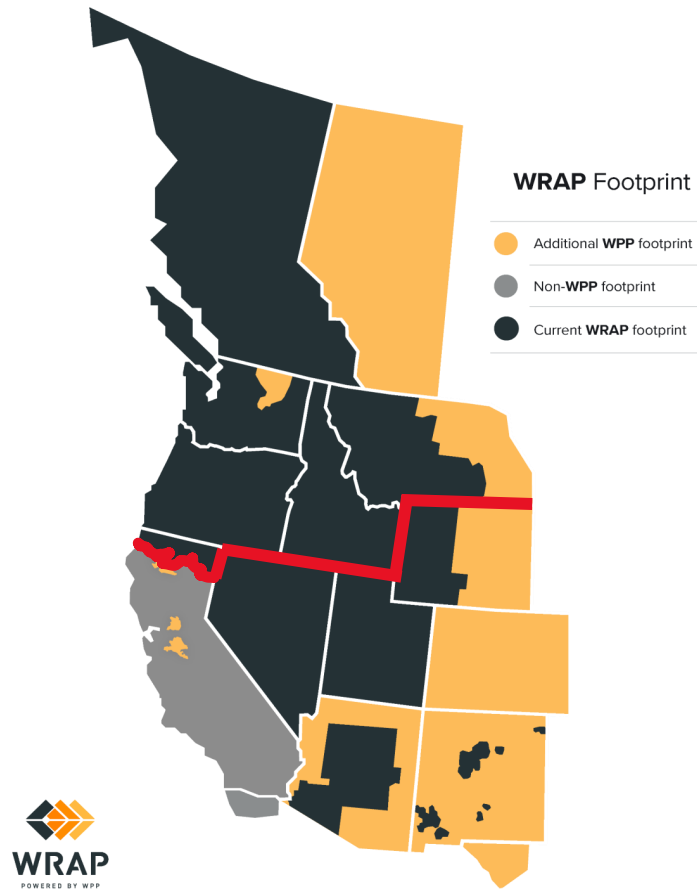
ESR AT INCREMENTAL GW INSTALLATIONS



+3, +6, and +9 GW added to both SWEDE and MidC Subregions

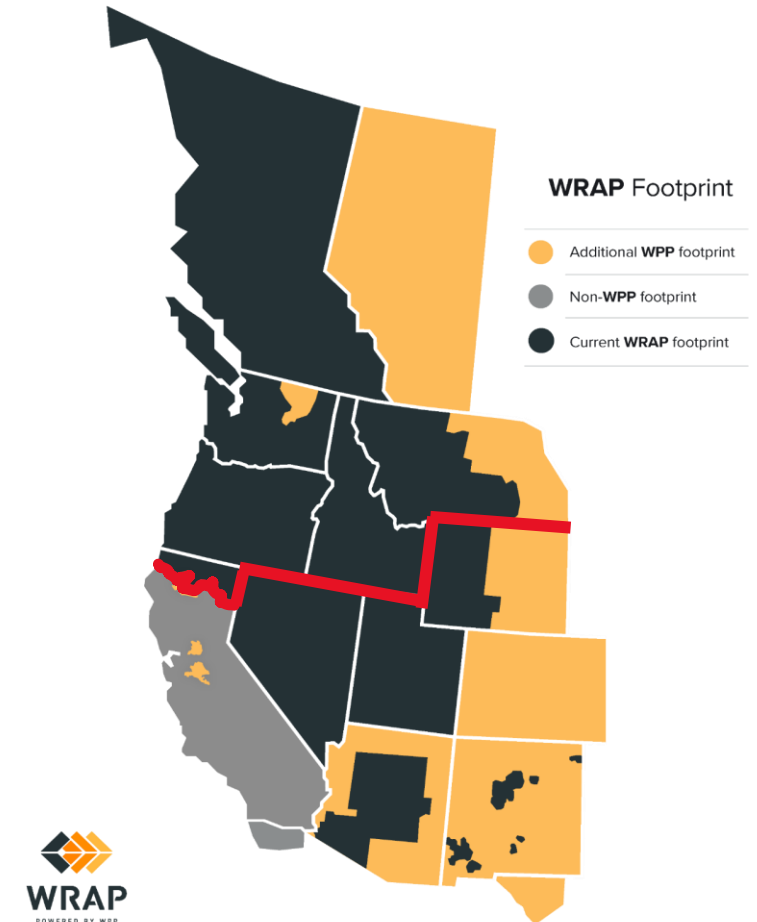
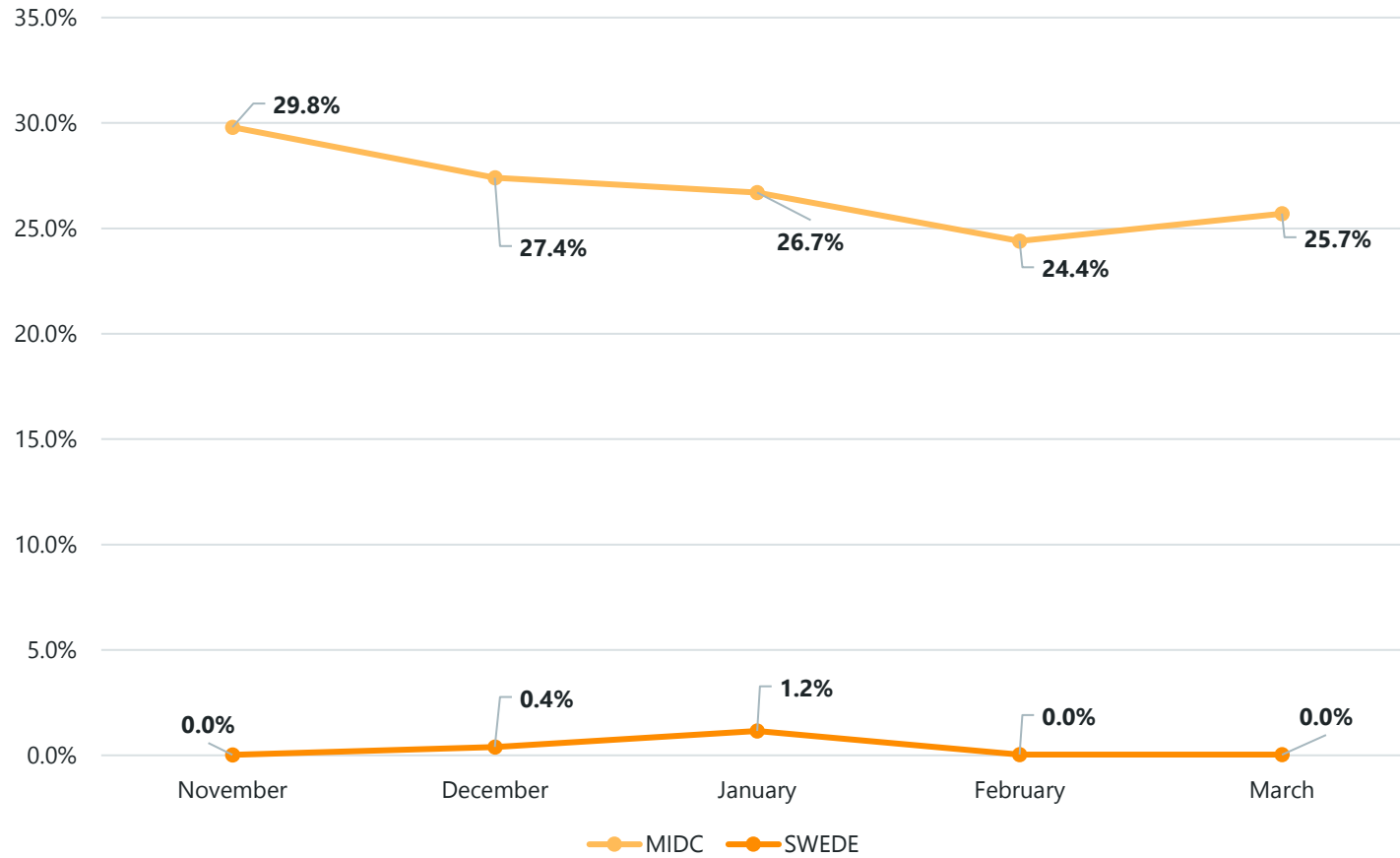


RUN OF RIVER (RoR) ZONES

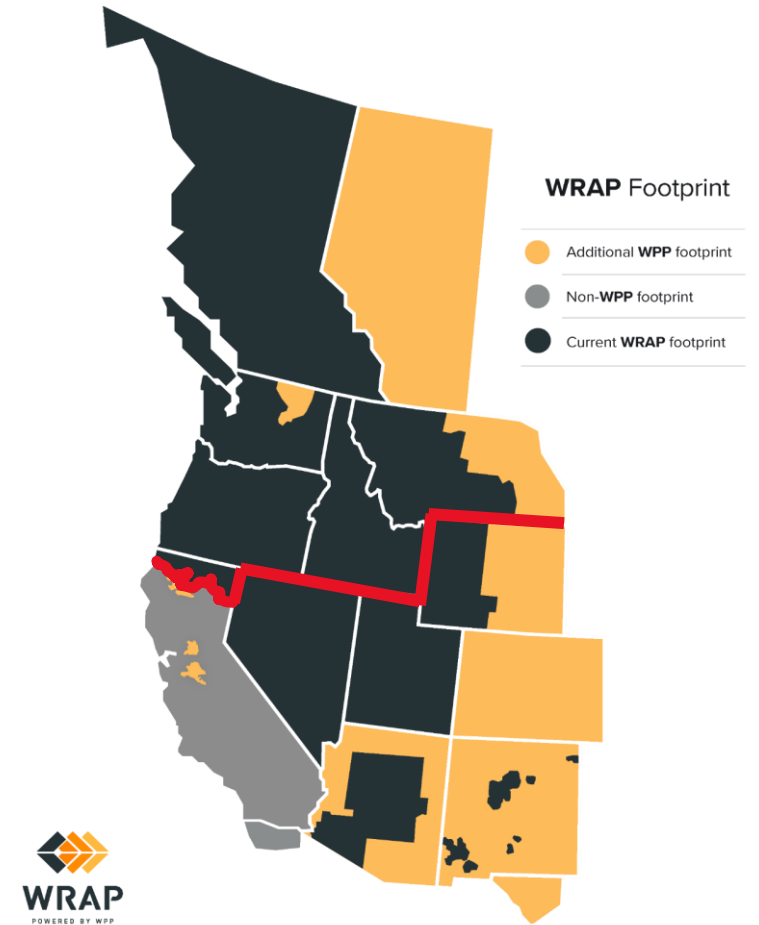
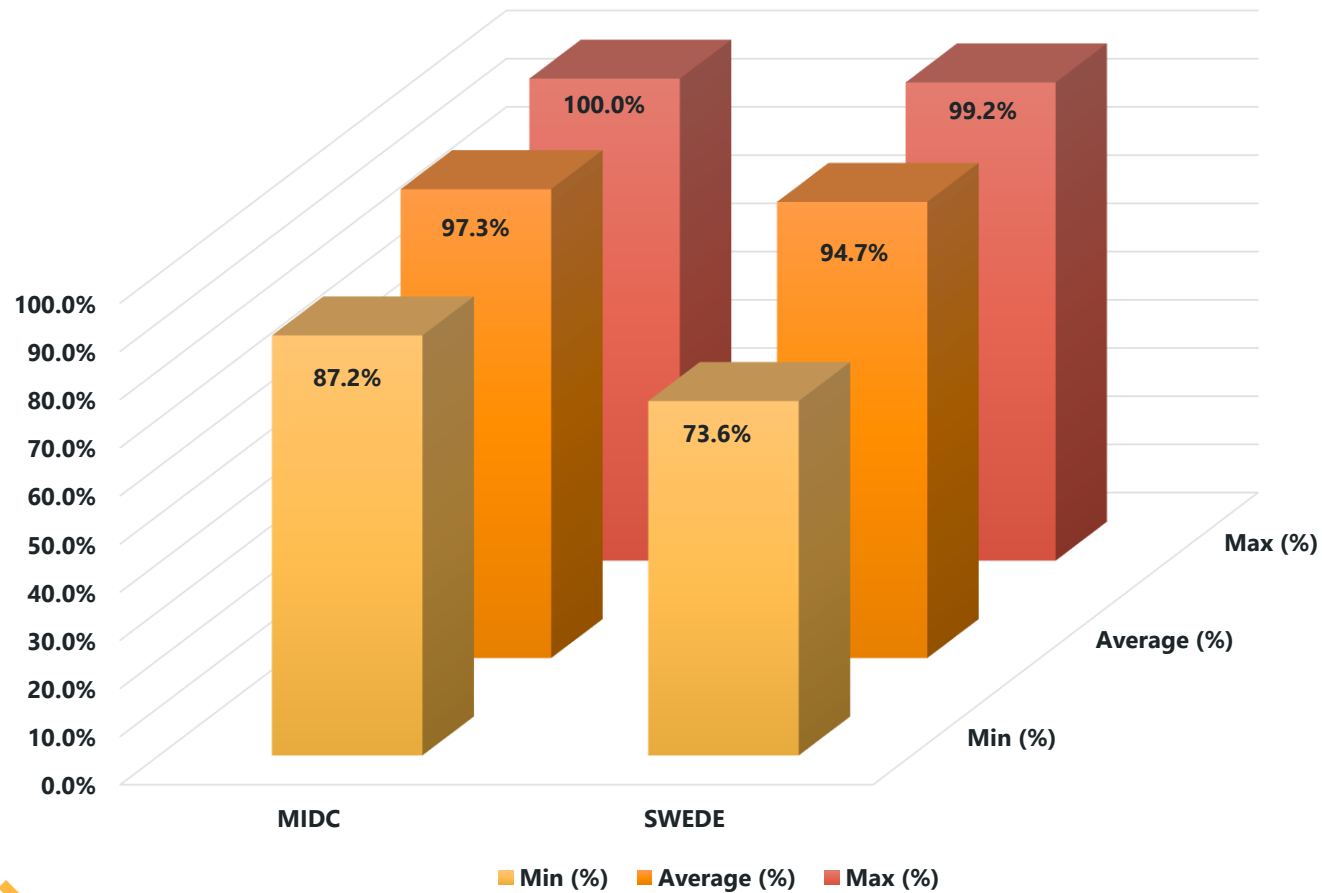


Subregion	Nameplate Capacity (MW)
MIDC	4,376
SWEDE	13
Total	4,389

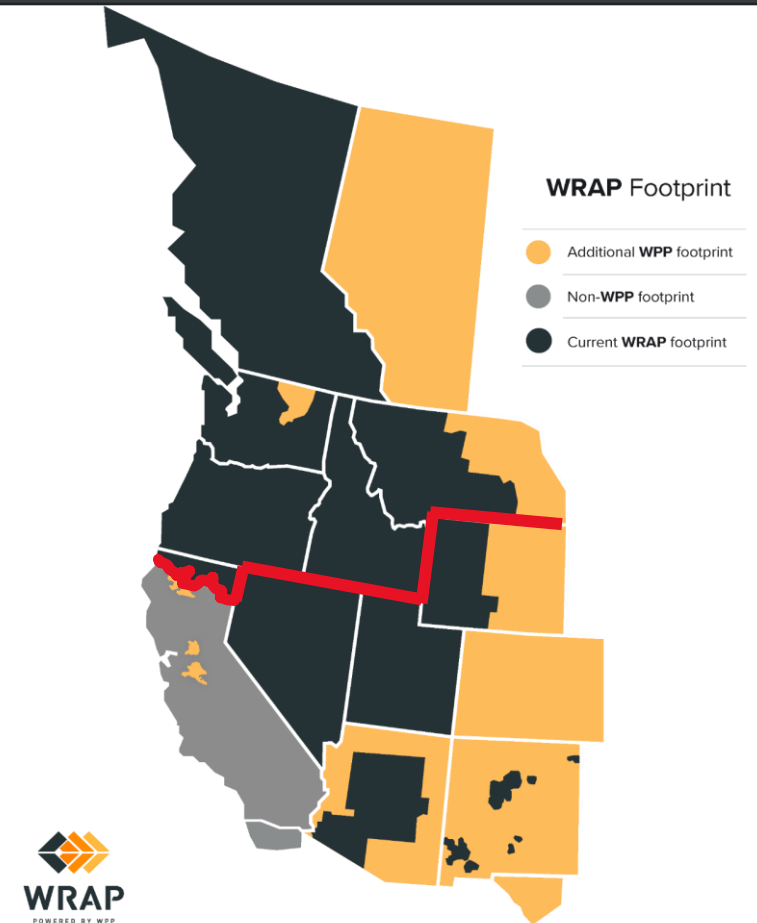
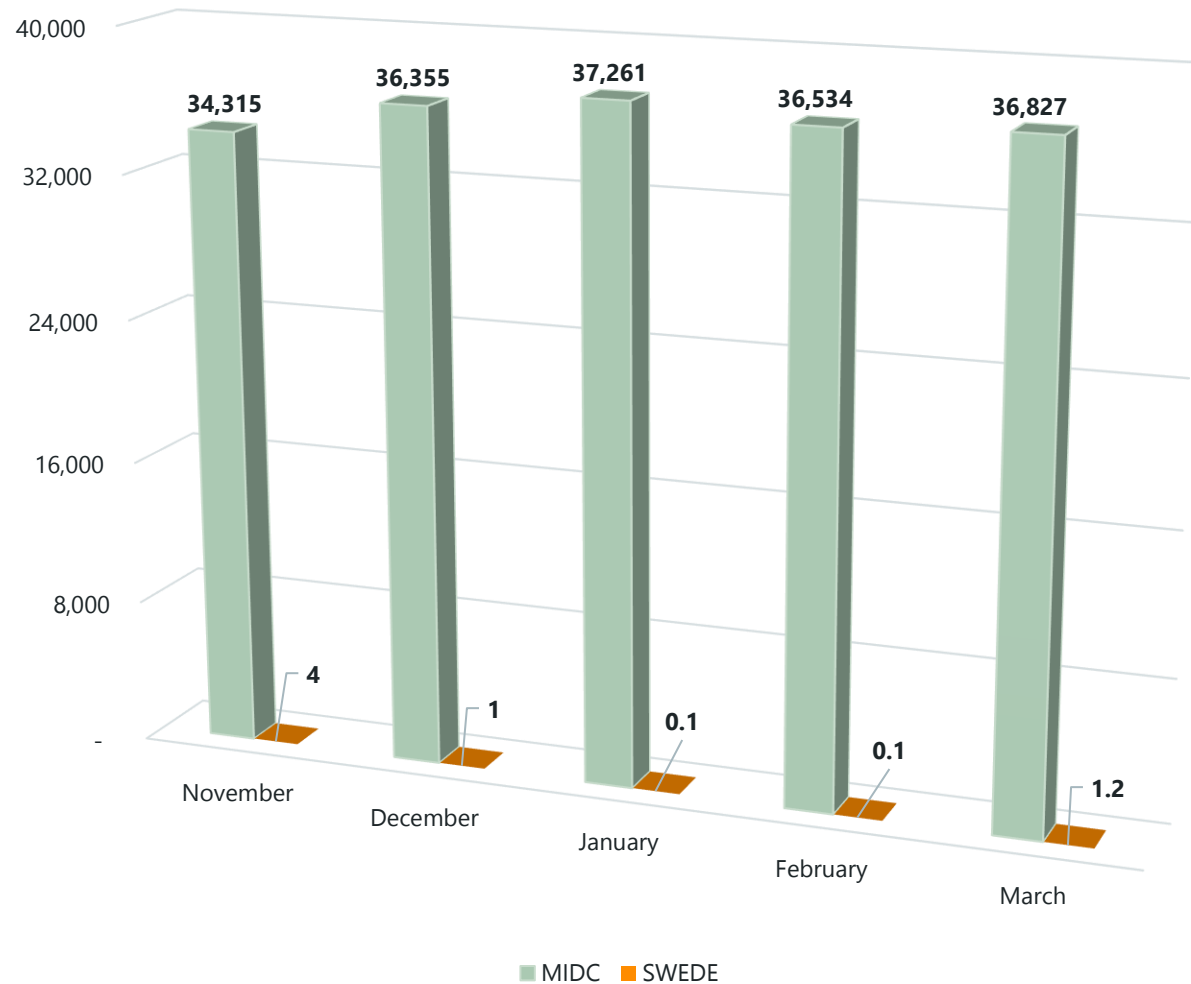
RoR QCC - WINTER



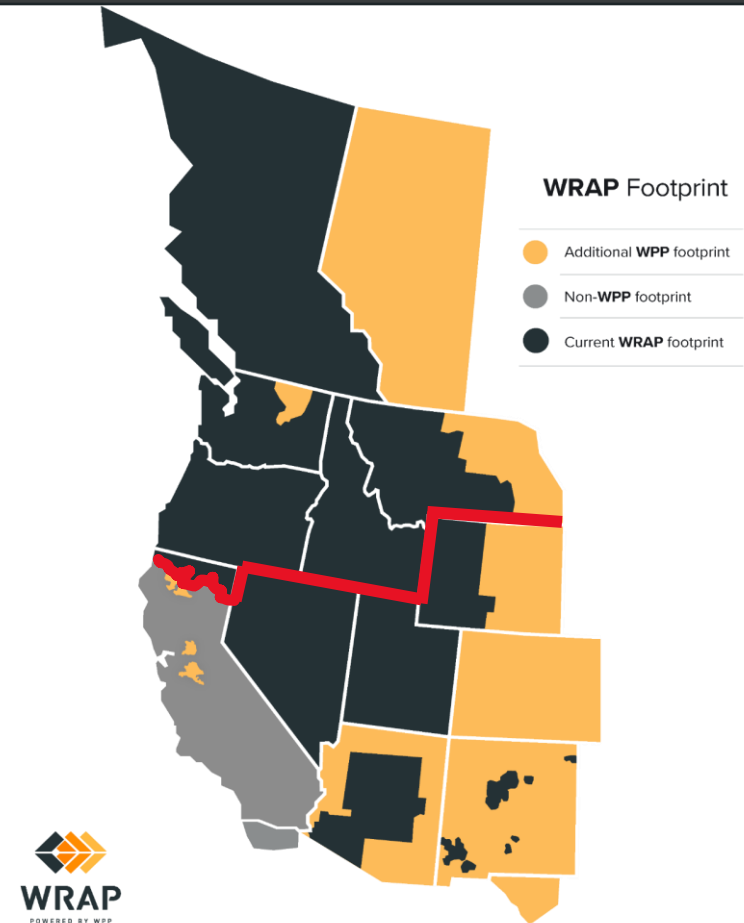
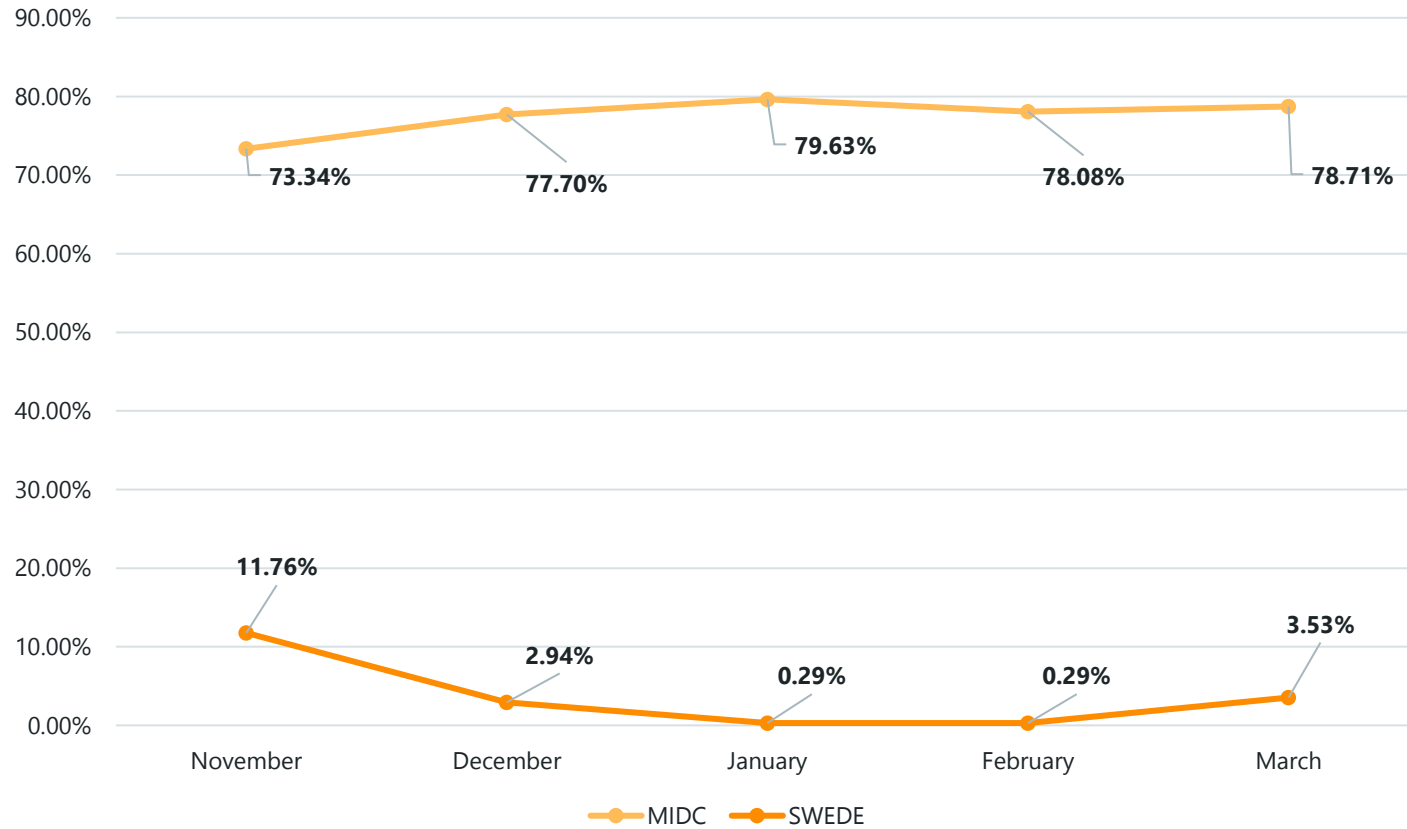
THERMAL QCC



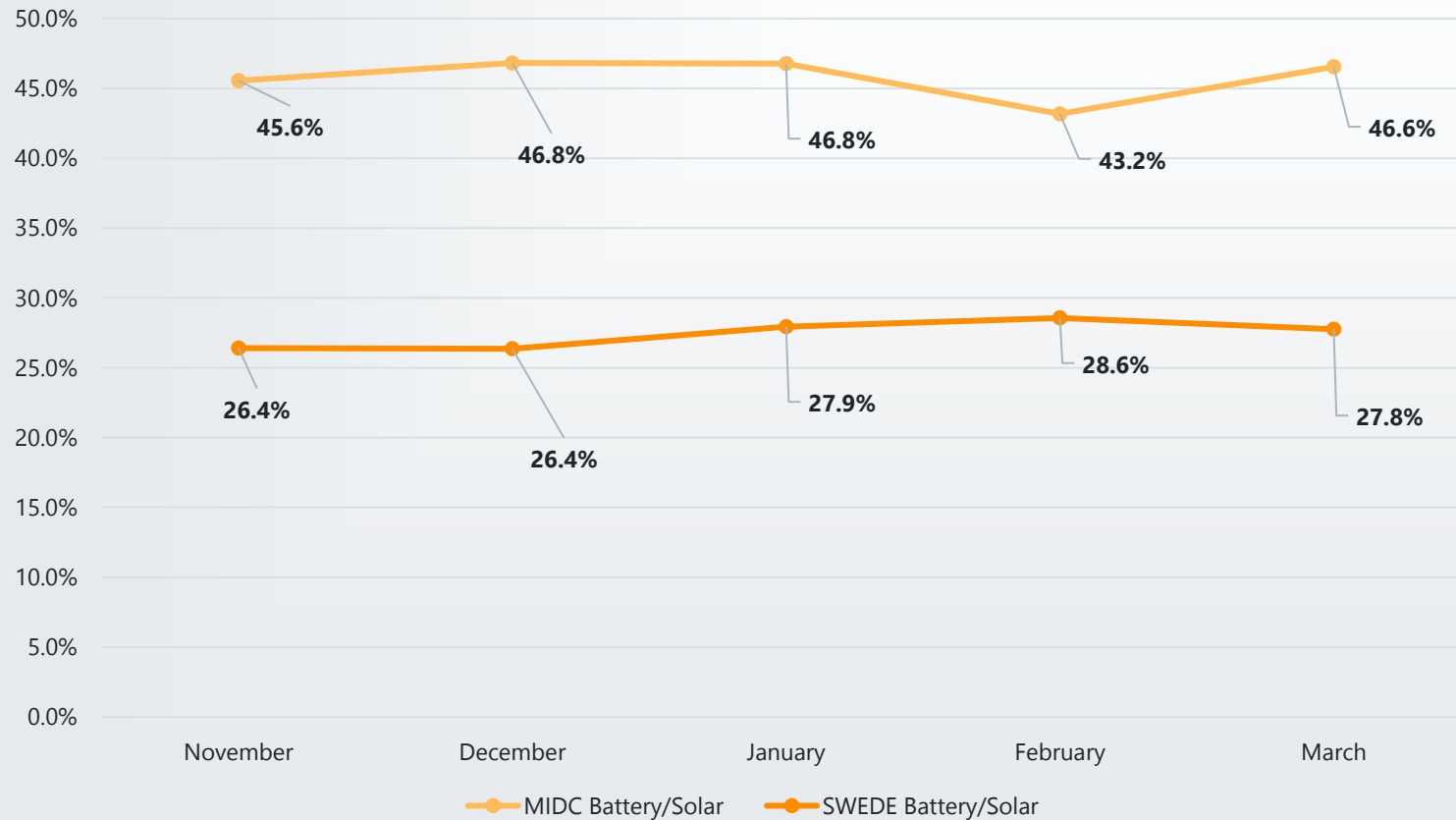
STORAGE HYDRO QCC MW



AVERAGE STORAGE HYDRO QCC %



HYBRID RESOURCE QCC %



Number of installed pairings

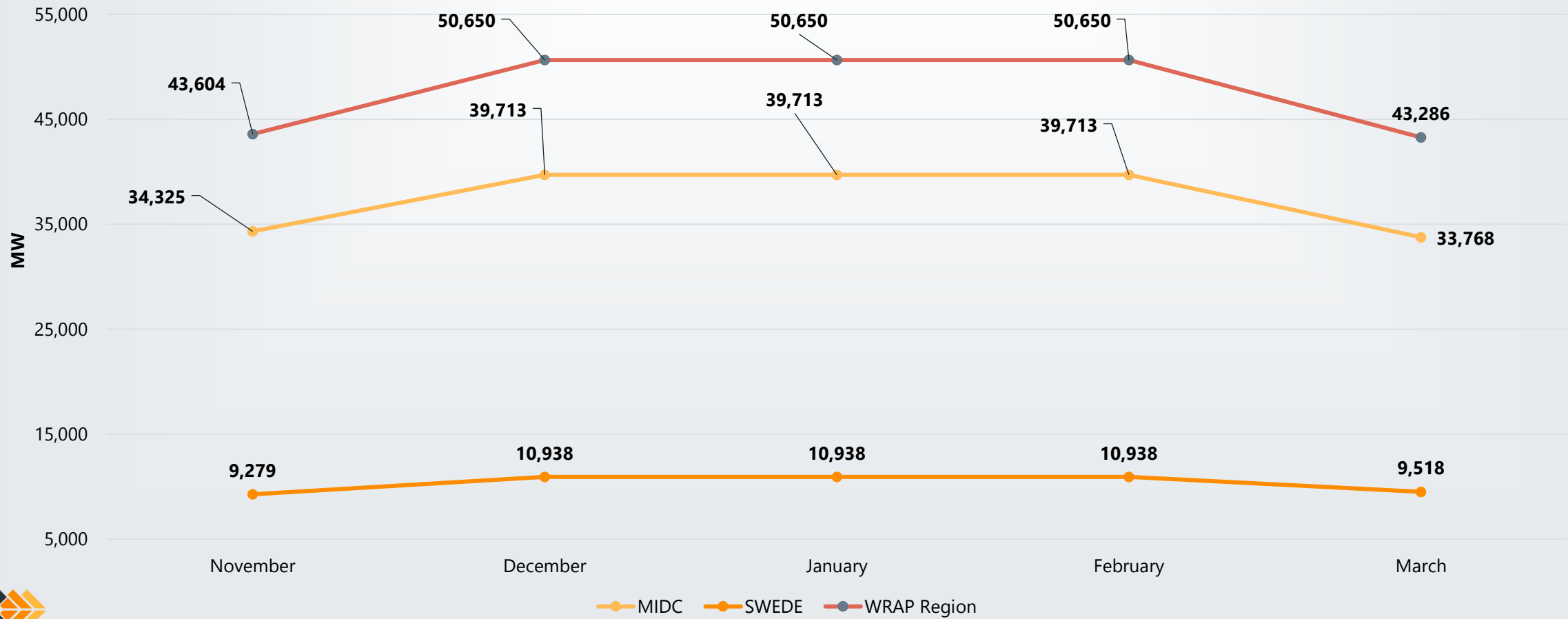
	MIDC	SWEDE
Battery/Solar	4	35
Battery/Wind	0	0

PRM CONSIDERATIONS

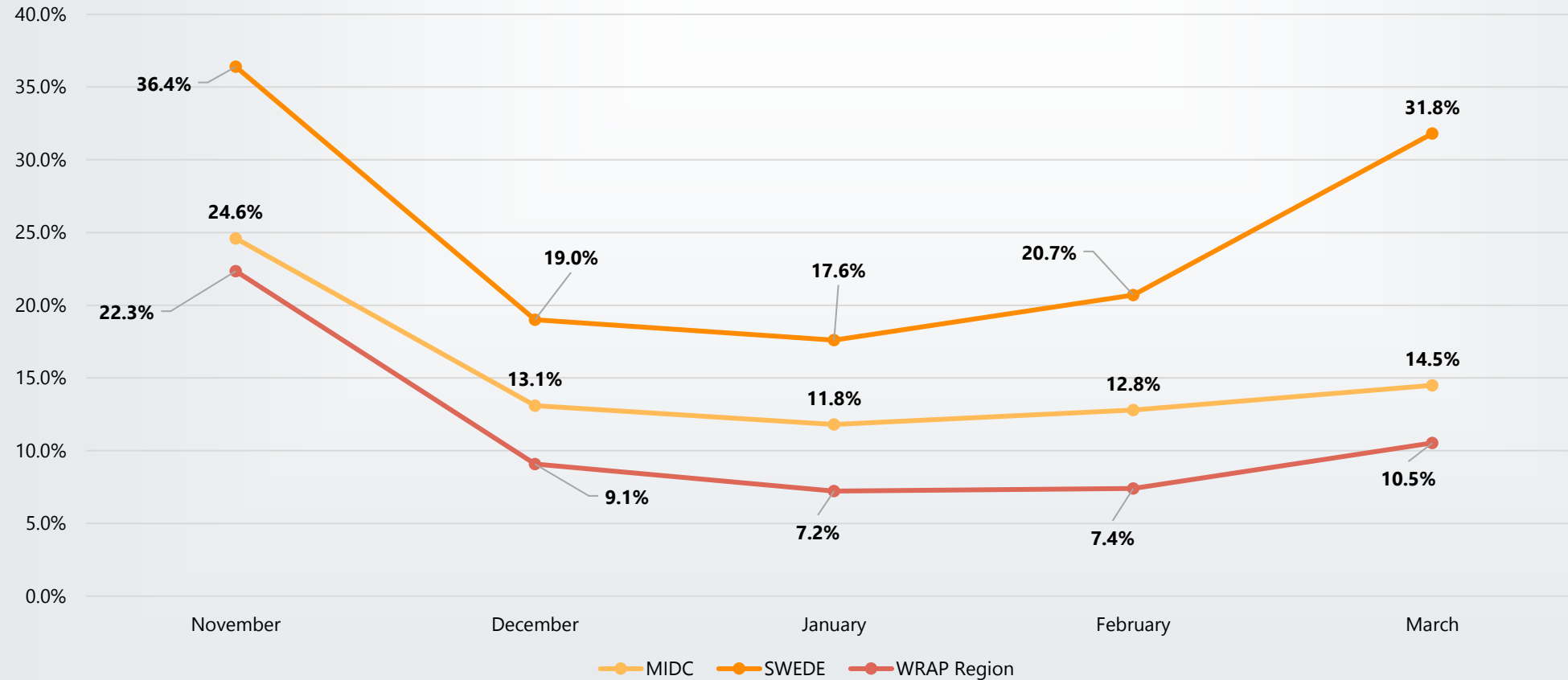
PRM Methodology

- » Maintain 0.1 LOLE across the season
- » Minimum of 0.01 LOLE in each individual month
- » NCP load for a given month a significant factor in calculation of PRM (lower load months will have higher PRM value)
- » PRM calculation includes 500 MW of diversity sharing between Subregions **benefitting MIDC in Winter** (*SWEDE in Summer*)

PEAK LOAD

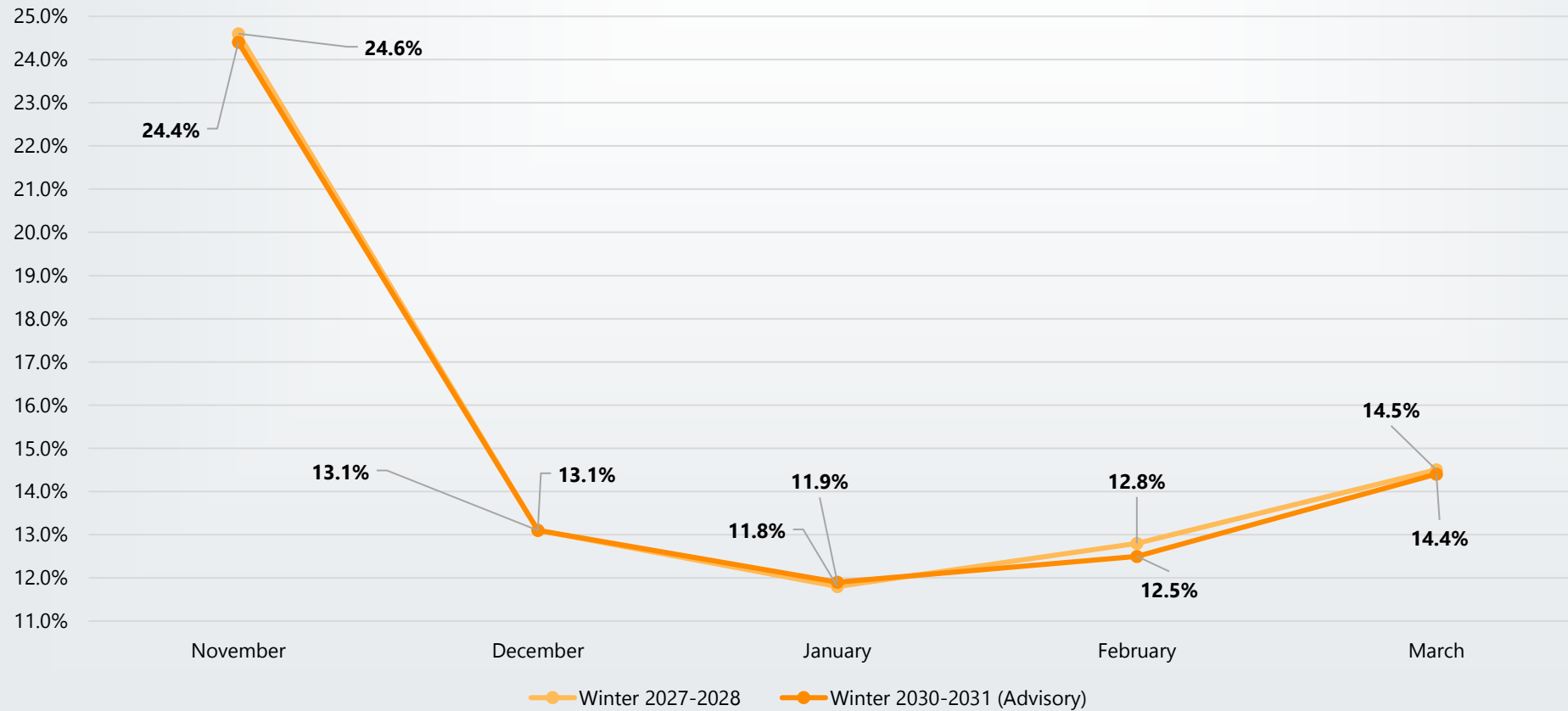


PRM – WINTER 2027-2028



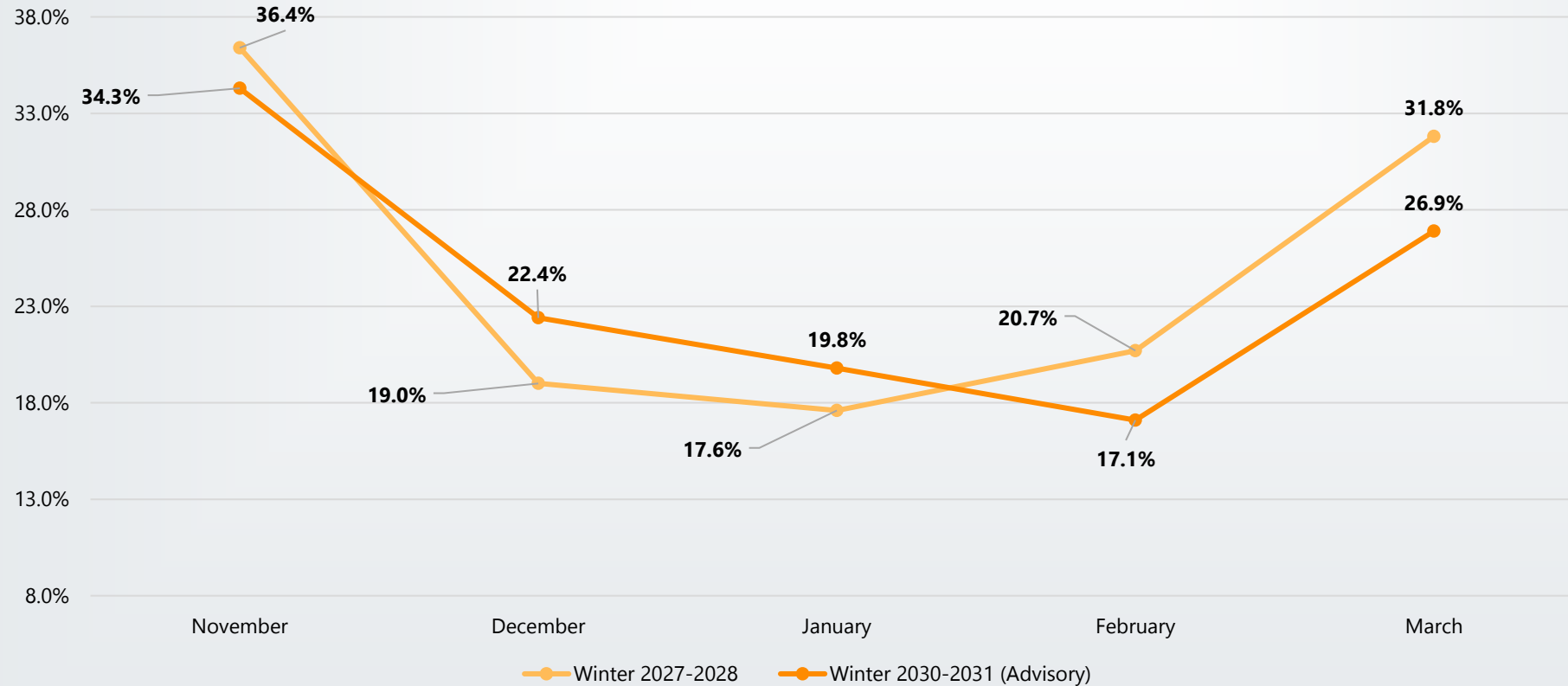
PRM – MIDC WINTER

2027-2028 AND 2030-2031



PRM – SWEDE WINTER

2027-2028 AND 2030-2031

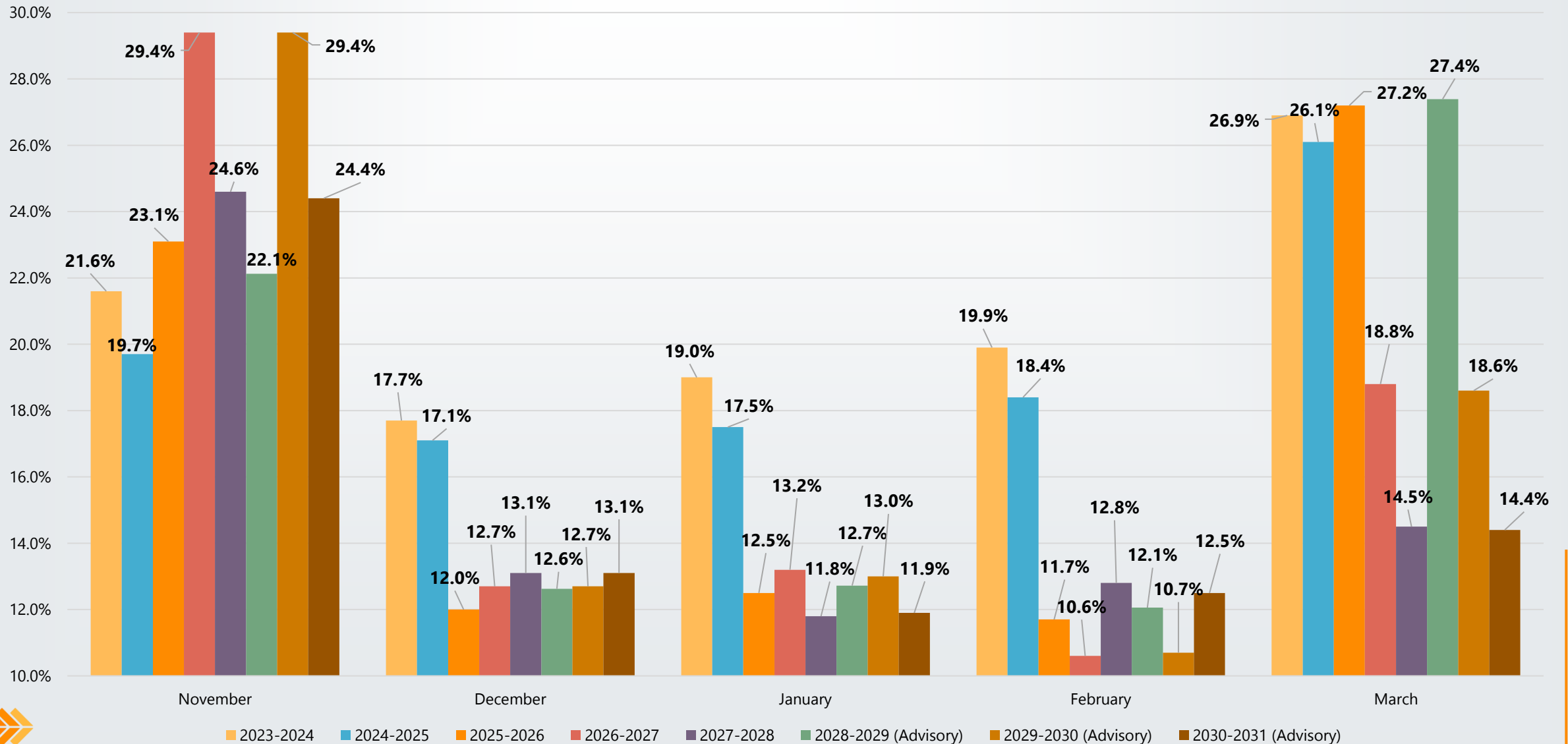


THANK YOU

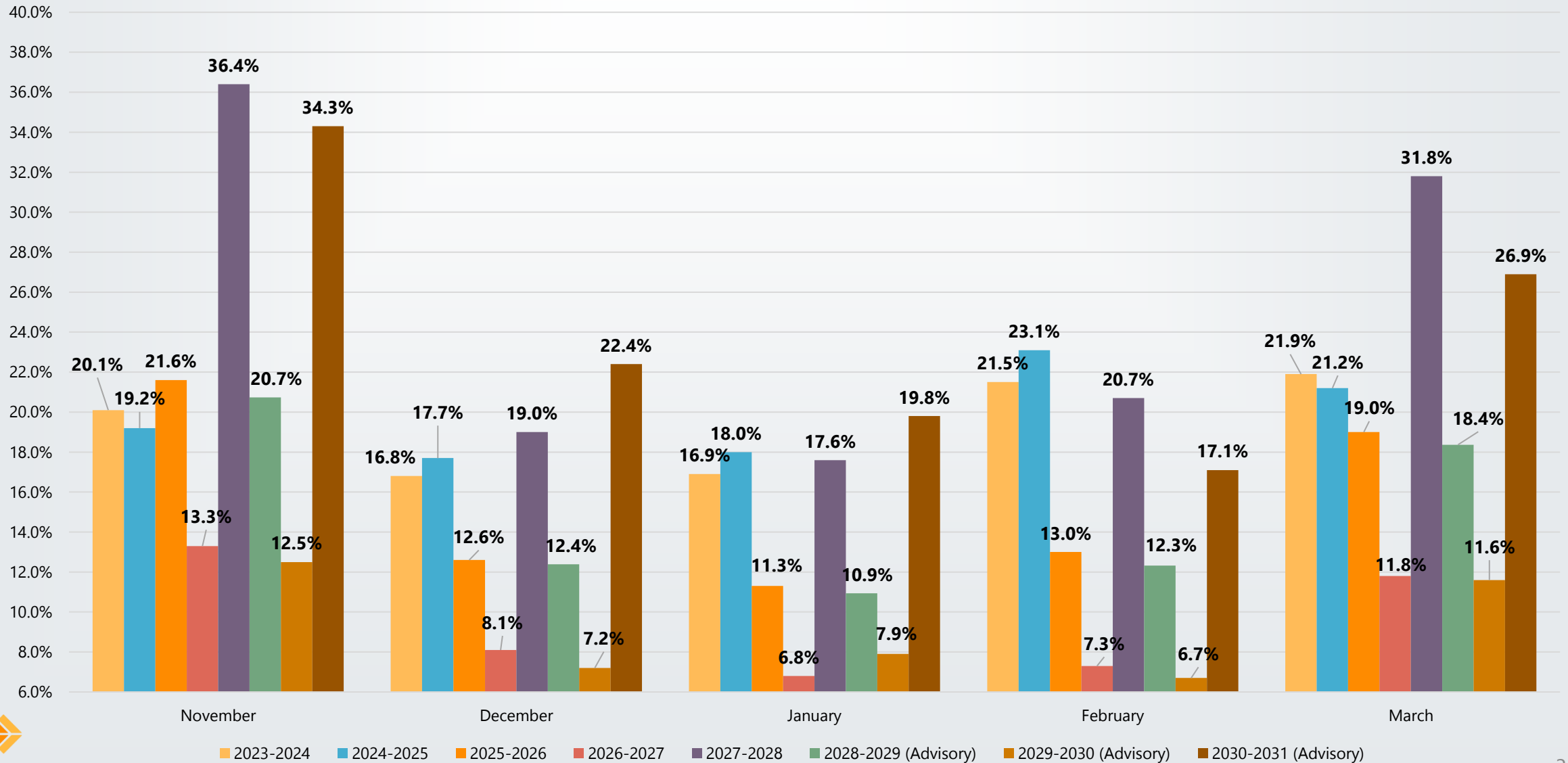
For general inquiries: wrap@westernpowerpool.org

PRM FROM ADDITIONAL WINTER SEASONS

PRMs – MIDC SUBREGION



PRMs – SWEDE SUBREGION



PRMs – WRAP REGION

